Life course health science: understanding and improving health development

PAHO Webinar

Health and Development: The Absence of Disease is not Enough

June 15, 2021

Christopher B Forrest, MD, PhD
Children's Hospital of Philadelphia
University of Pennsylvania

Objective

Develop an understanding of the emerging field of Life Course Health Science and its transdisciplinary principles

Neal Halfon · Christopher B. Forrest
Richard M. Lerner · Elaine M. Faustman Editors

Handbook of Life Course Health Development

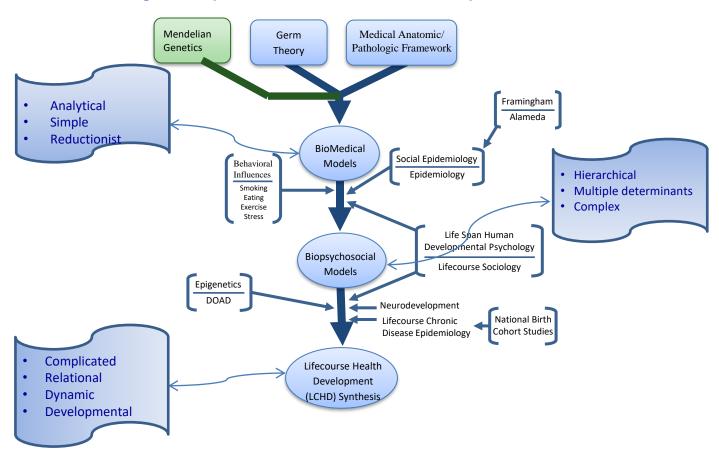
Open Access Version

<u>Available on Springer website</u>

Downloaded 633,000 times



Evolving Conceptual Models of Health Development



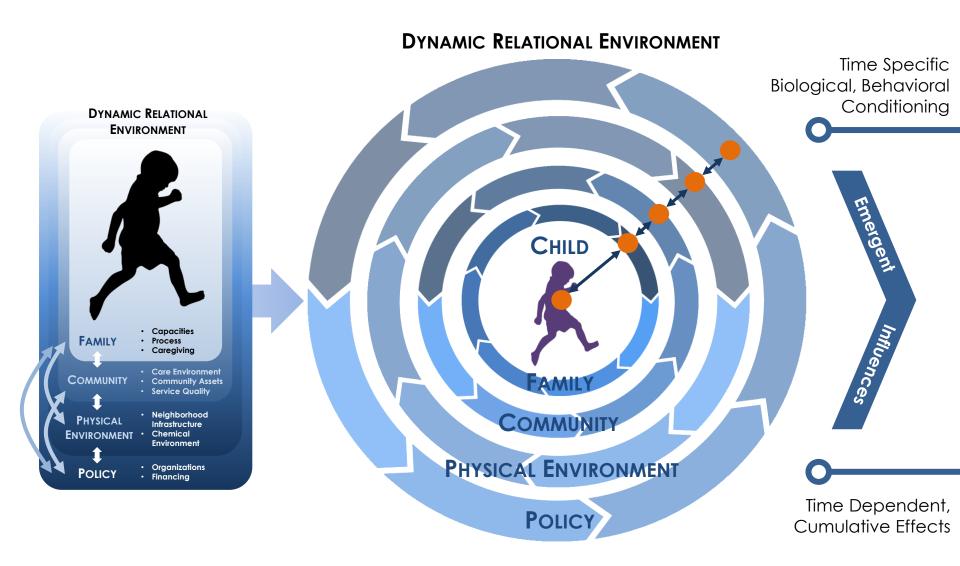
Fields Synthesized in Life Course Health Science

- Biomedicine
- Life course epidemiology
- DOHaD/Epigenetics
- Evolution/Evo-Devo

- Lifespan psychology
- Life course research
- Developmental systems theory
- Complexity

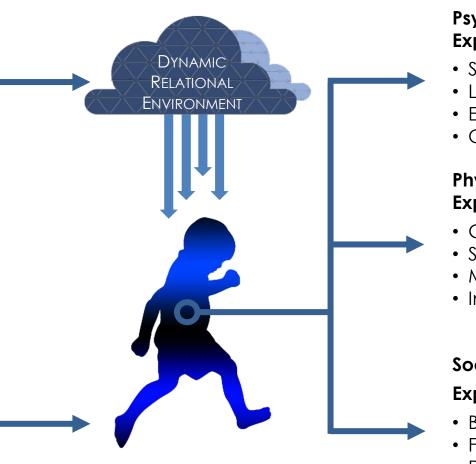
Changing Contexts of Health Development:

Multiple Factors, Dimensions, & Levels Dynamically Transacting



Variable Adaptive Responses:

Plasticity & Optimization of Regulatory Processes



Psychological Functioning, Adaptation, Experiences

- Self regulation
- Learning
- Emotions and affect
- Communication

Physiological Functioning, Adaptation, Experiences

- Growth
- Stress response
- Metabolic Processes
- Inflammatory & Immune Responses

Social Functioning, Adaptation, Experiences

- Belonging
- Friendships
- Play
- Roles and identity

Emergent

"ects

Dynamics of Health Development:

Phases, Trajectories and Outcomes

HEALTH DEVELOPMENT TRAJECTORIES

Patterns of changes in health assets over time, affected by environmental and intrinsic factors.

LATENT EFFECTS

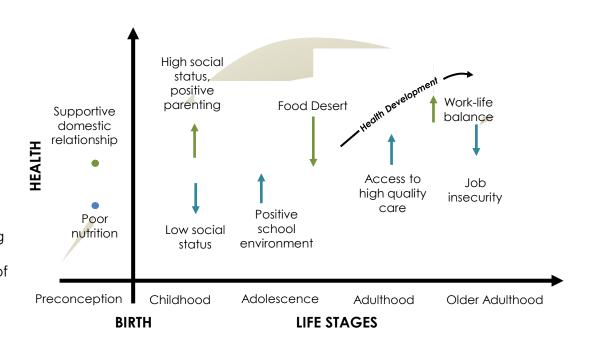
Resulting from experiences, particularly during sensitive periods, that influence health later in life.

CUMULATIVE EFFECTS

Resulting from experiences that accumulate over time & manifest in health.

PATHWAY EFFECTS

Resulting from multiple, converging environmental and genetic influences, regulated by an array of specific developmental switches that set people on certain health development trajectories. (Combination of latent & cumulative effects)



PHASES OF HEALTH DEVELOPMENT

Generativity

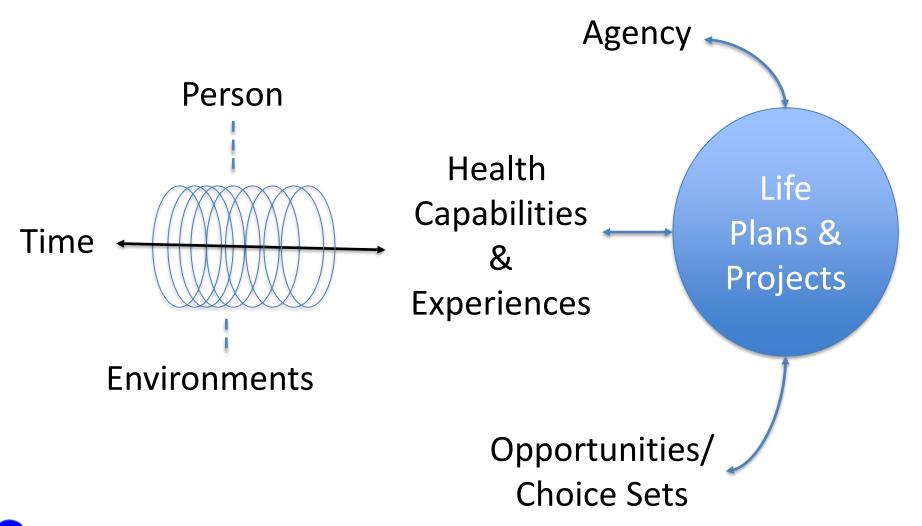
Acquisition

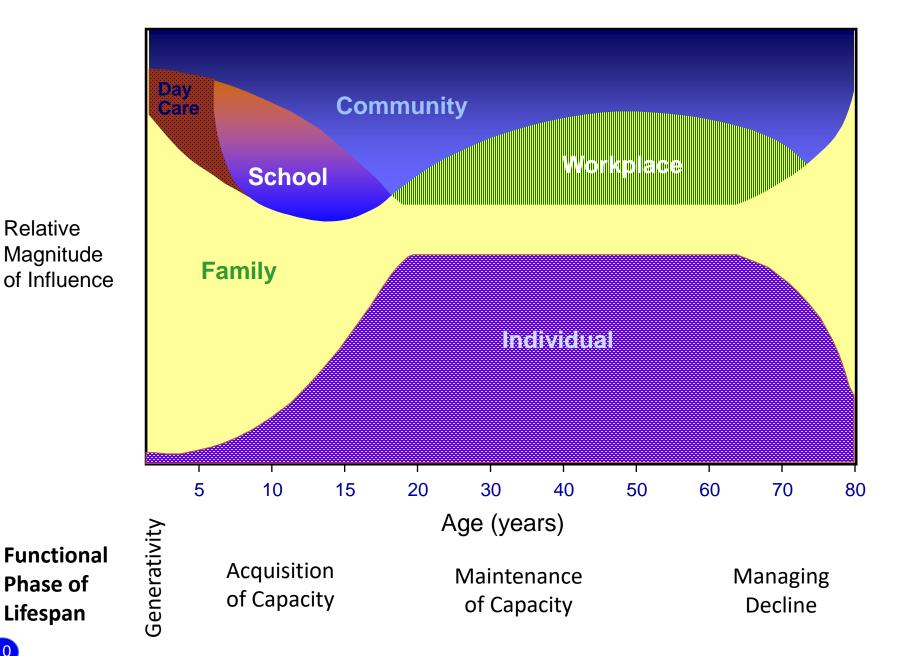
Maintenance

Decline



LCHS Model





Phase of

Lifespan

Relative

Magnitude

Unfolding and Growth

- "As a record of individual health experiences . . . growth unfolds as a complex adaptive system."
- Sensitive to changing environmental conditions
- Variability in growth is an "evolutionary robust strategy"
- Human body "unfolds" as a result of growth (increases in size) and maturation (acquisition of adult features) as an result of p⇔e and developmental time

Health results from interactions in complex adaptive systems

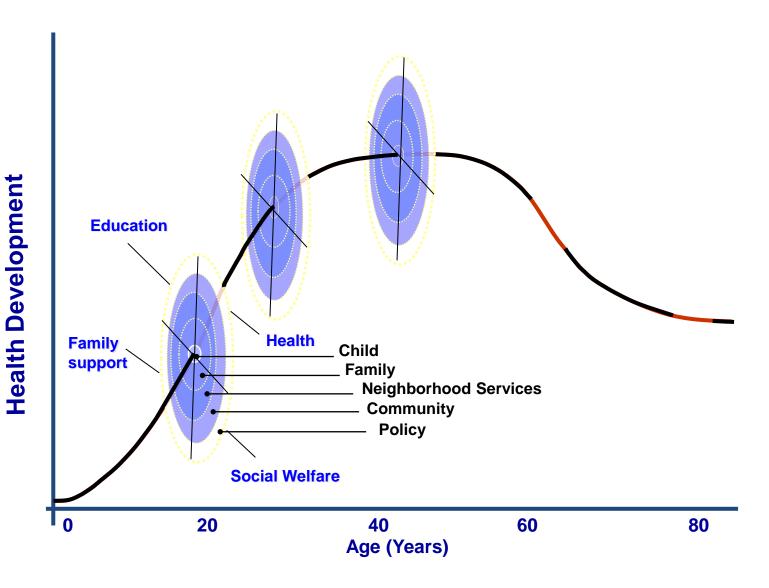
Nonlinear change

Change influenced by feedback loops

- Hierarchies: systems within systems
 - Multilevel

Emergent

HD Trajectories and Their Influence



Timing and HD non-linear effects

- Time-specific effects
 - Biological conditioning that occurs during sensitive periods, when systems are most adaptable and plastic

 Same exposures can lead to different outcomes if they occur at different time periods of the lifespan

Most common in fetal and early life

Down Stream Health Problems Related to Time-Specific and –Dependent **Adversity**

2nd Decade

3rd/4th Decade

5th/6th Decade

Old Age

Premature

Memory Loss

Aging

School Failure

Criminality

Teen Pregnancy

Elevated Blood

Obesity

- Pressure
- Depression
- Anxiety Disorders

Substance abuse

- Coronary Heart Disease
- Diabetes
- Renal Disease
- Arthritis

Summary of LCHD Principles

Health and development are unified into a single construct (Health-Development principle) that adaptively unfolds over the life course (Unfolding principle) according to the principles of complex adaptive systems (Complexity principle). Change in health results from time-based processes (Timing principle) that influence biobehavioral systems during sensitive periods when they are most susceptible (*Plasticity* principle). Healthdevelopment provides instrumental assets that enable individuals and populations to pursue desired life projects (Thriving principle).

thank you for the opportunity to share our work