



**COLORADO STATE
UNIVERSITY**

Espacios Verdes y Salud

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Profesor
Universidad Estatal de Colorado



BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTINA

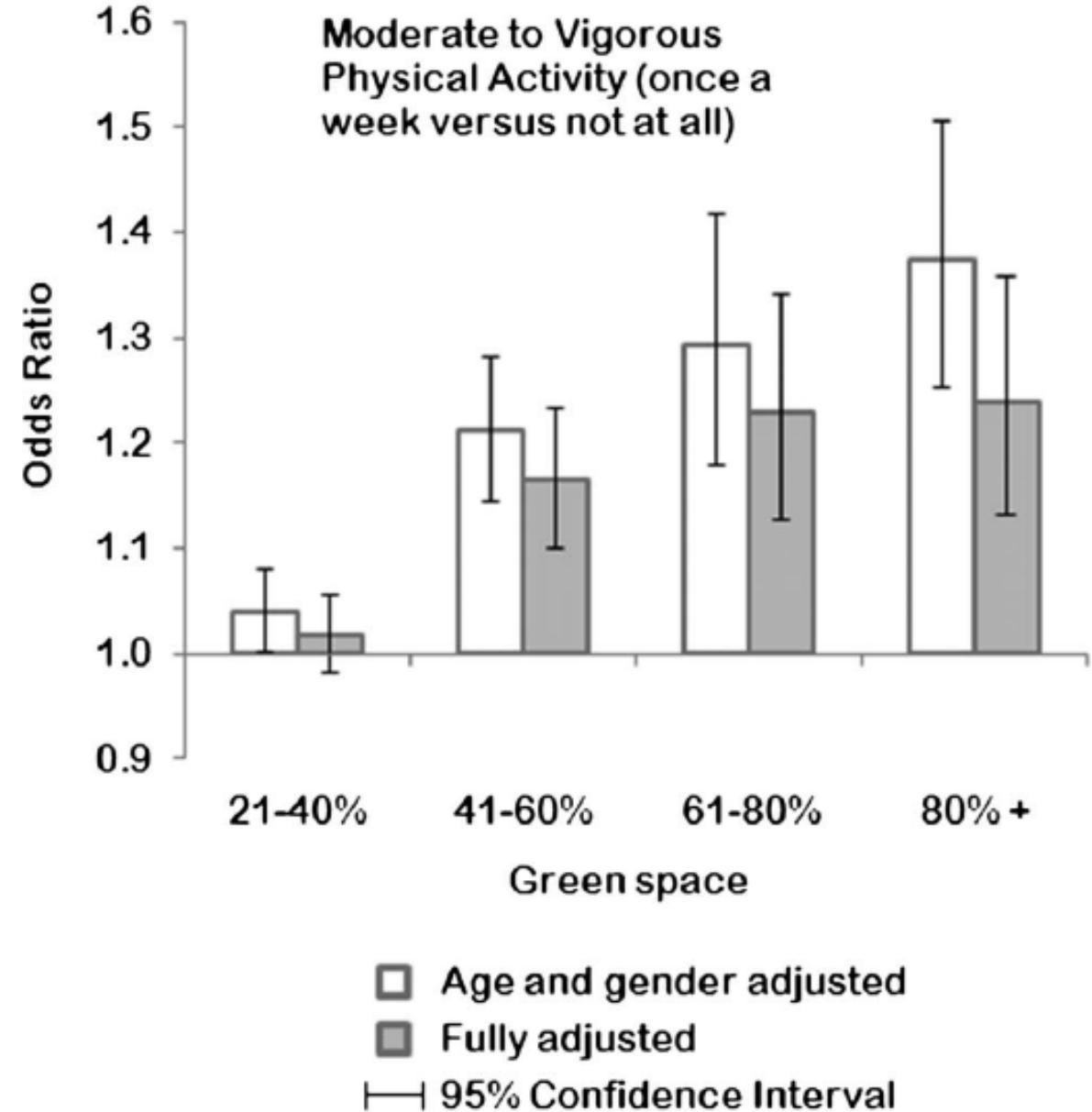






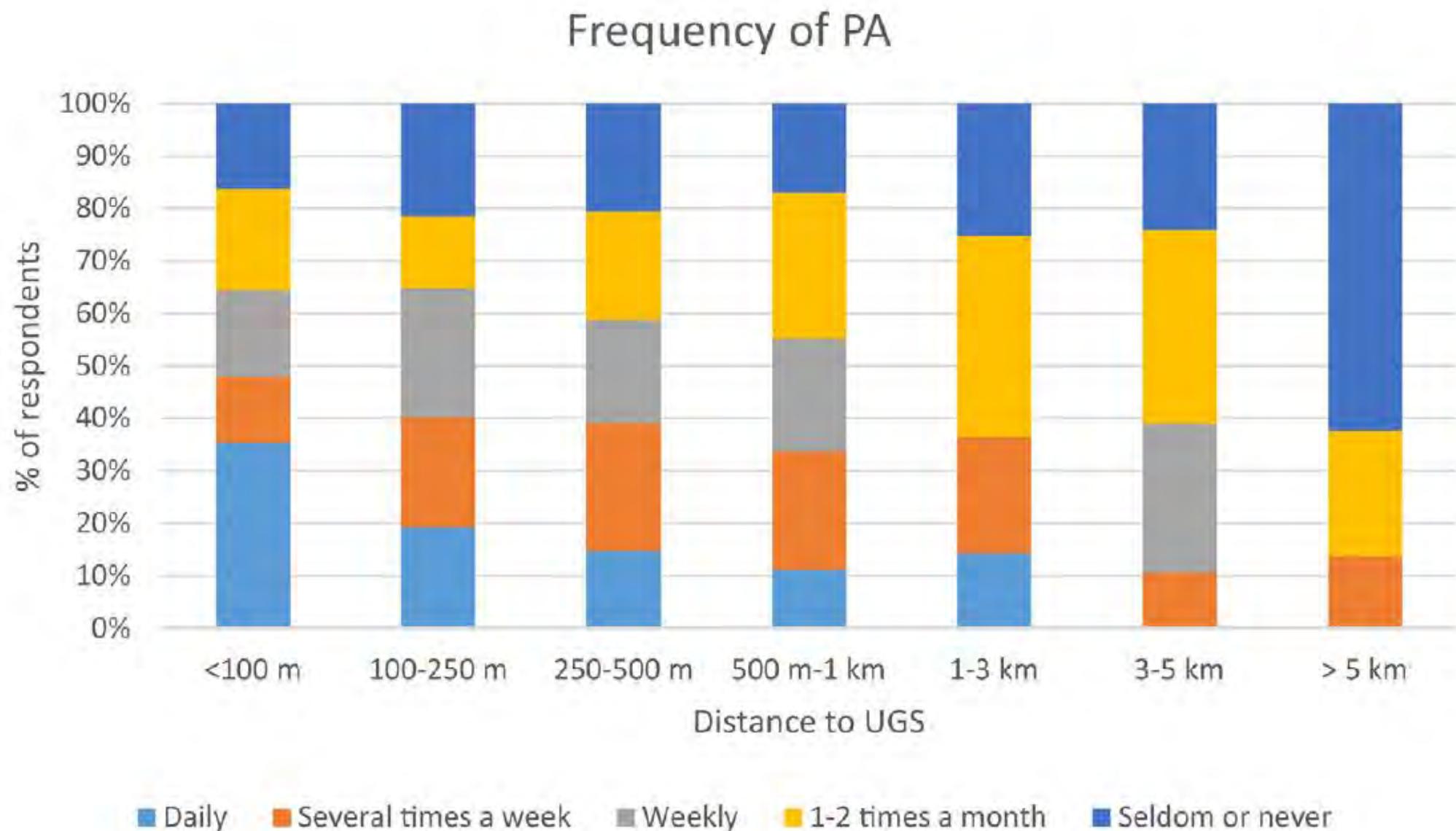


ESPACIO VERDE Y ACTIVIDAD FÍSICA



N=203,883 adults

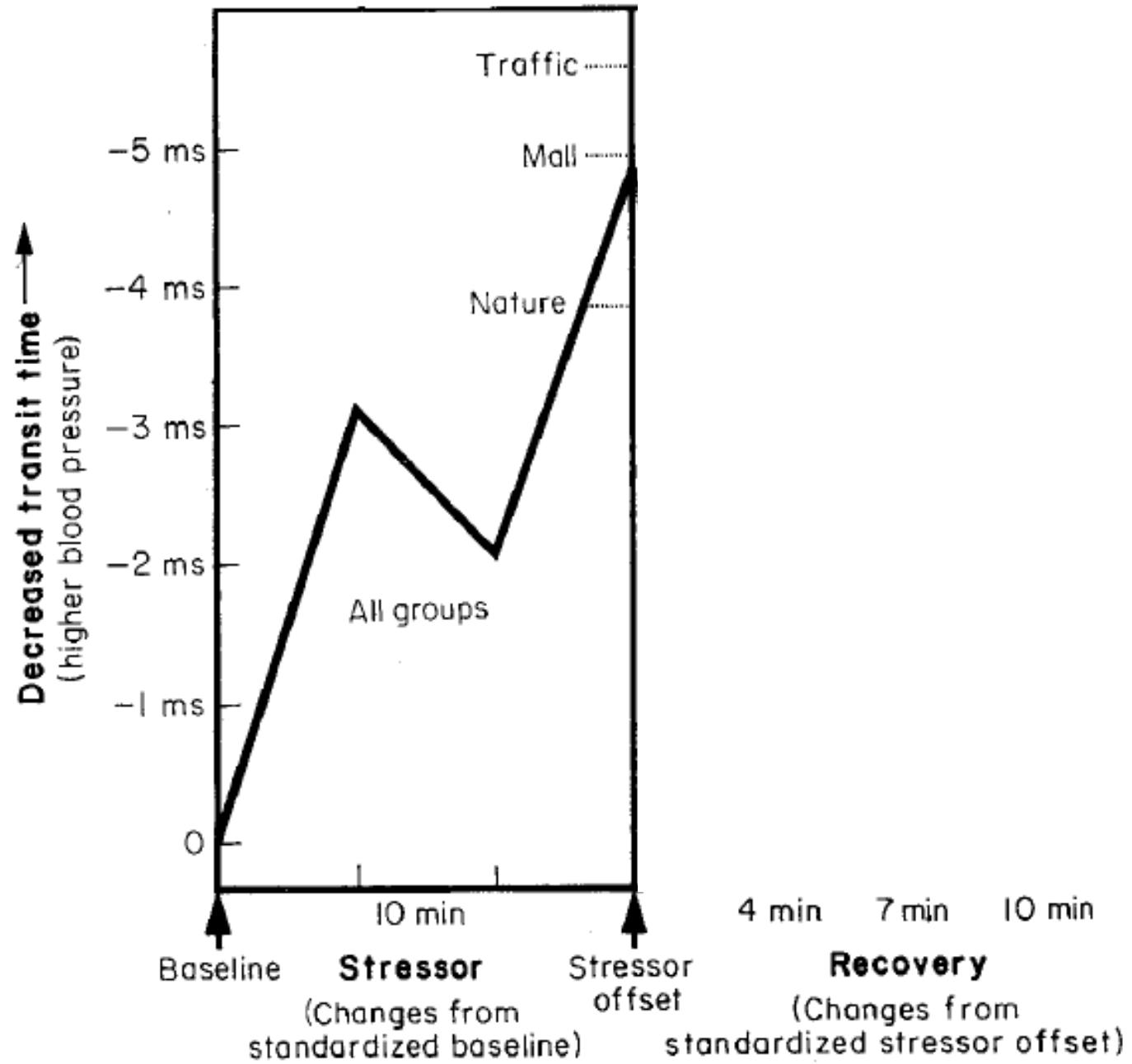
Astell-Burt et al 2014





YOU ARE NOW ENTERING
A STRESS FREE ZONE

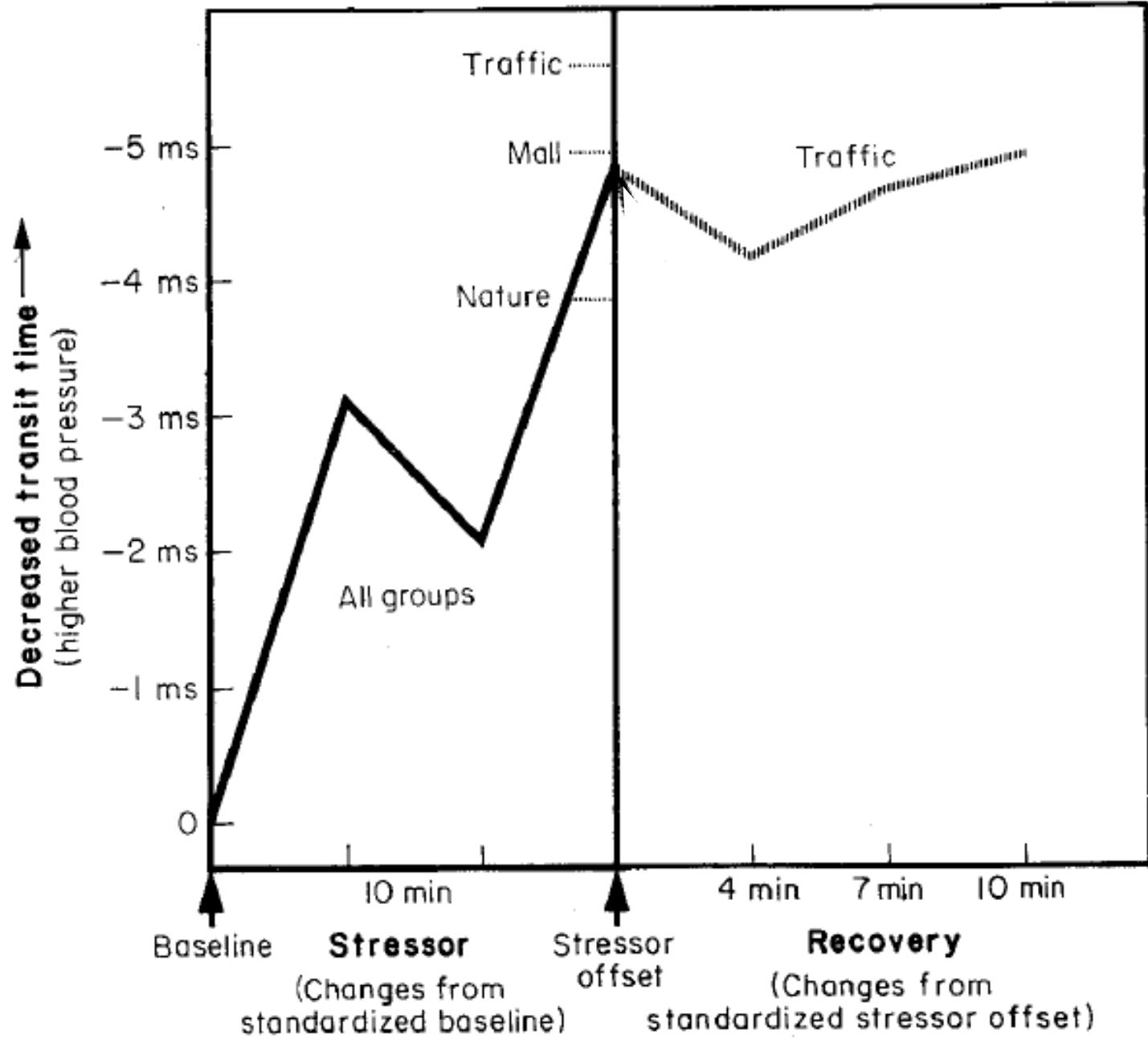
Estrés y naturaleza



Ulrich et al 1991

FIGURE 2. Changes in pulse transit time (PTT) during stress and recovery.

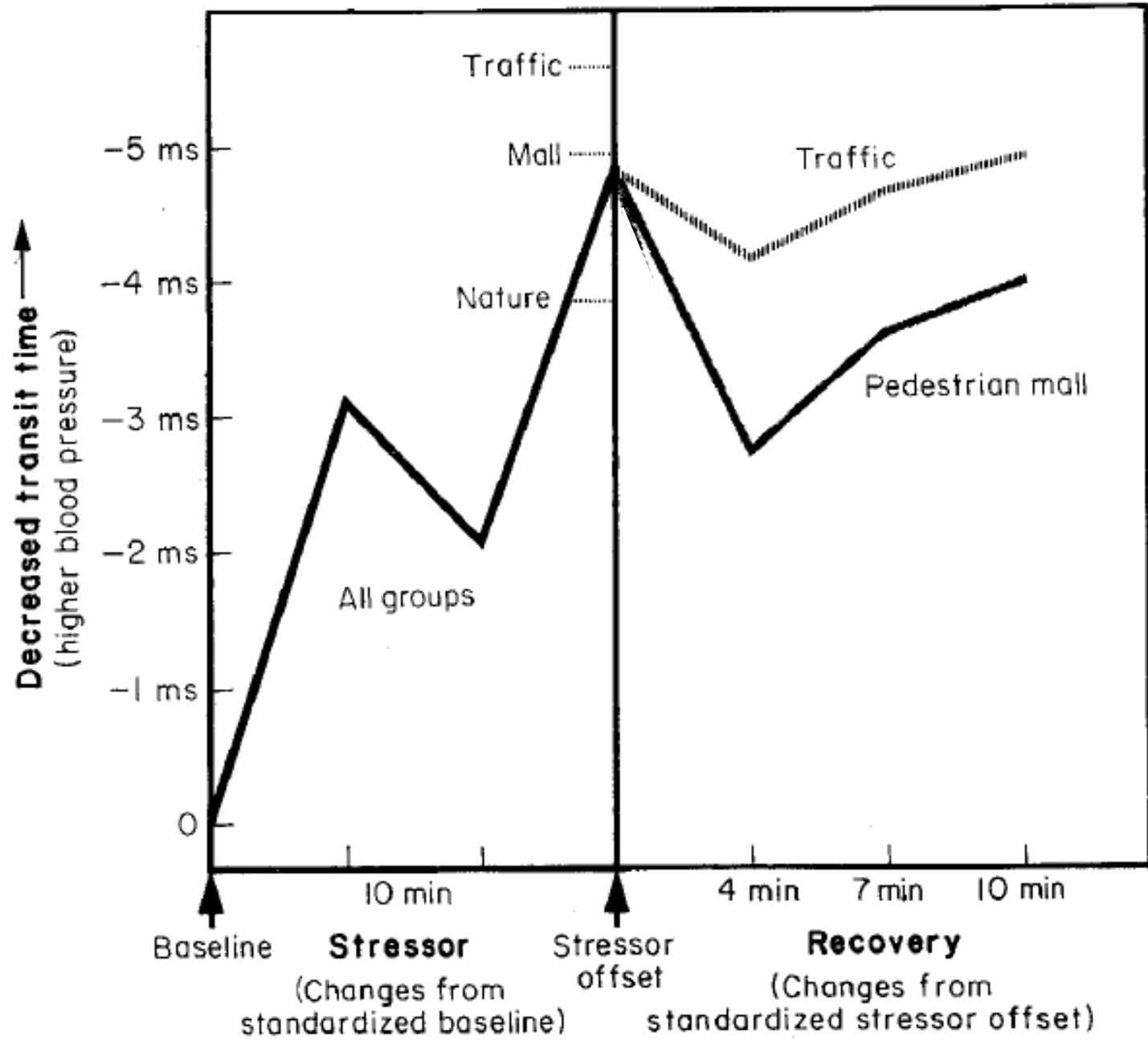
Estrés y naturaleza



Ulrich et al 1991

FIGURE 2. Changes in pulse transit time (PTT) during stress and recovery.

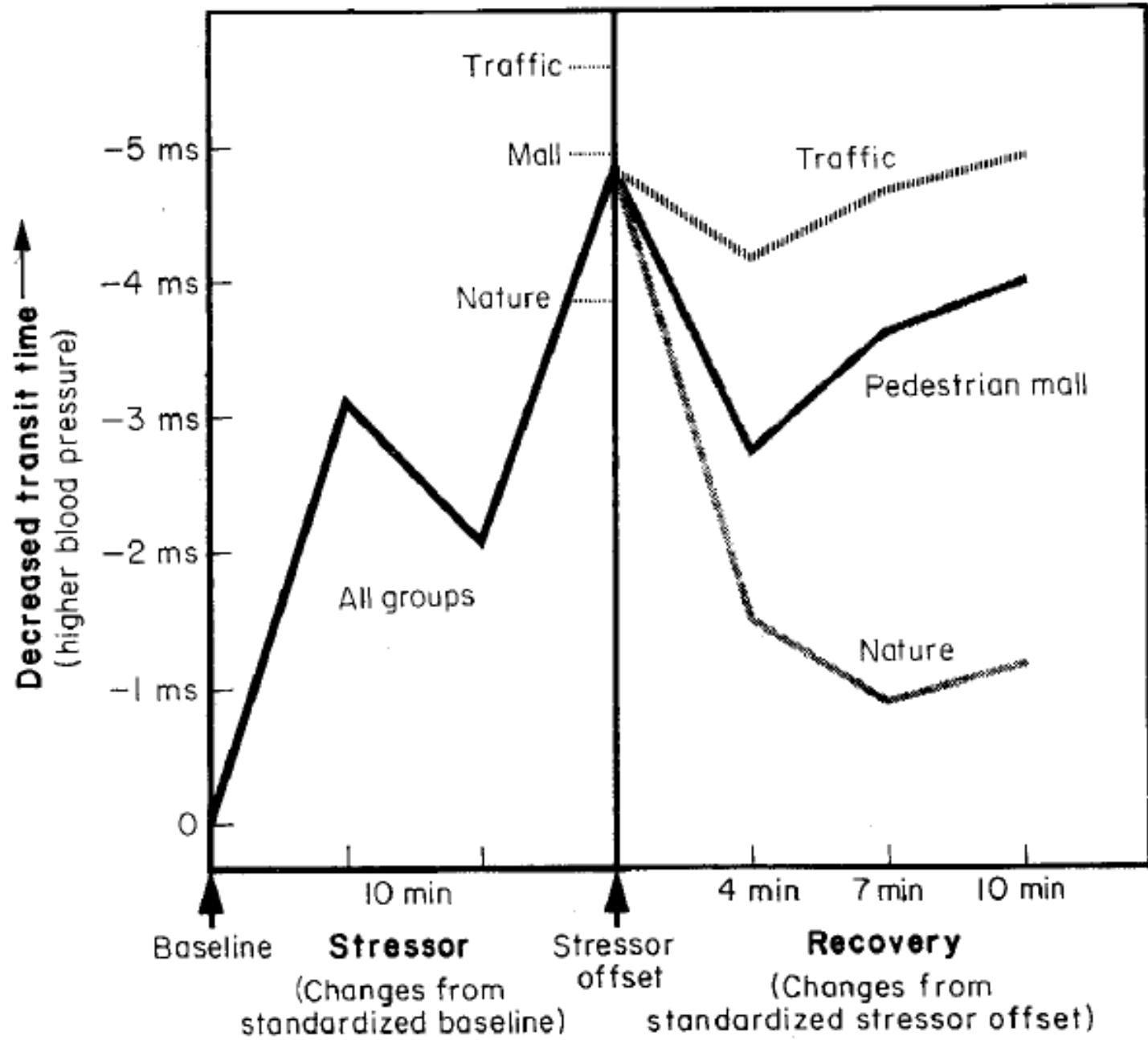
Estrés y naturaleza



Ulrich et al 1991

FIGURE 2. Changes in pulse transit time (PTT) during stress and recovery.

Estrés y naturaleza



Ulrich et al 1991

FIGURE 2. Changes in pulse transit time (PTT) during stress and recovery.

CUBIERTA ARBOREA Y RECUPERACIÓN DE ESTRÉS



Figure 1. Panoramic photographs of two 3-D videos with a low (top, 2%) and a high (bottom, 61%) eye-level tree cover density.

CUBIERTA ARBOREA Y RECUPERACIÓN DE ESTRÉS



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CUBIERTA ARBOREA Y RECUPERACIÓN DE ESTRÉS

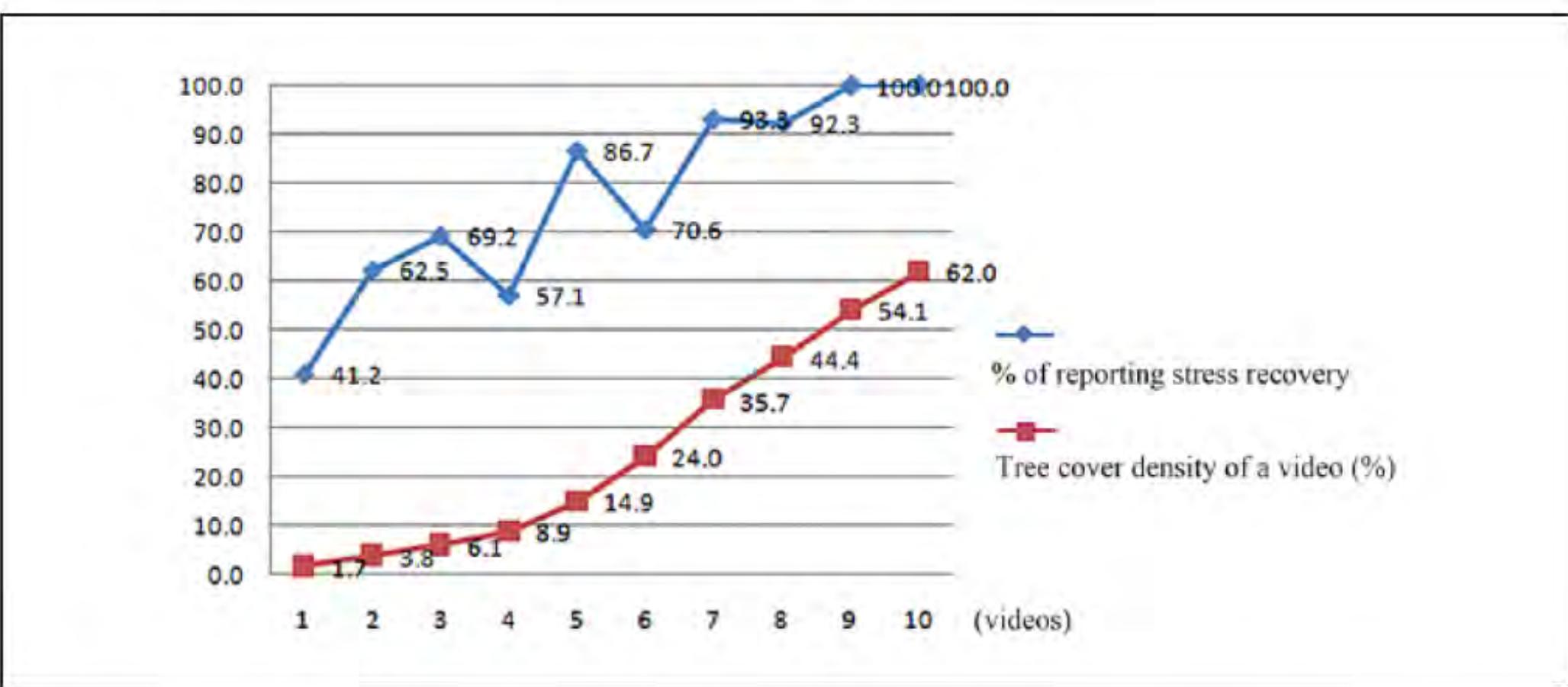


Figure 4. The relationship between tree cover density and percent of participants who reported the stress recovery effect for each of the 10 videos.

ESPACIO VERDE Y MEMORIA DE TRABAJO



N=2,593 children, 7-10 yrs

Dadvand, et al 2015. PNAS

ESPACIO VERDE Y MEMORIA DE TRABAJO



N=2,593 children, 7-10 yrs

Dadvand, et al 2015. PNAS

ESPACIO VERDE Y MEMORIA DE TRABAJO

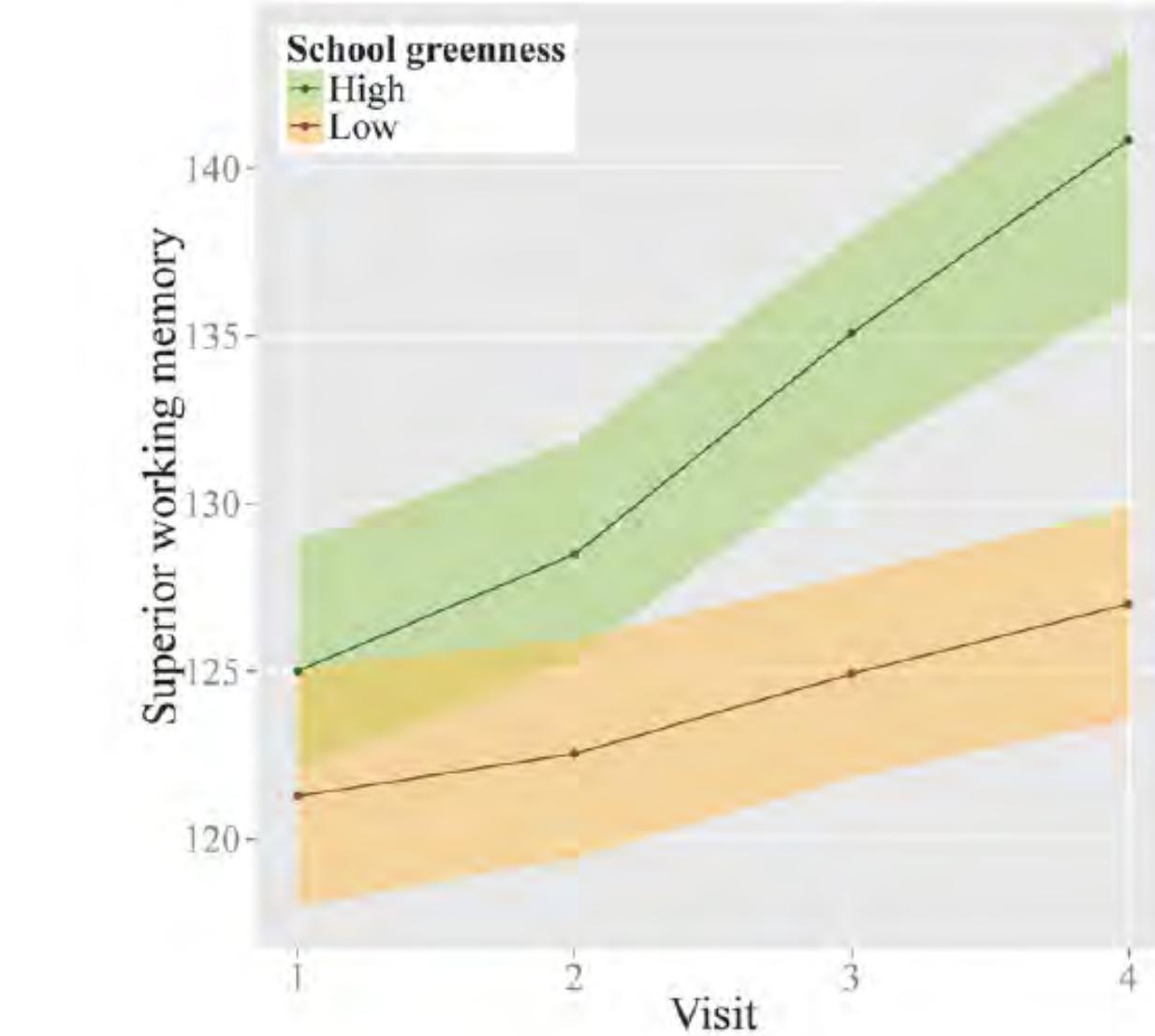
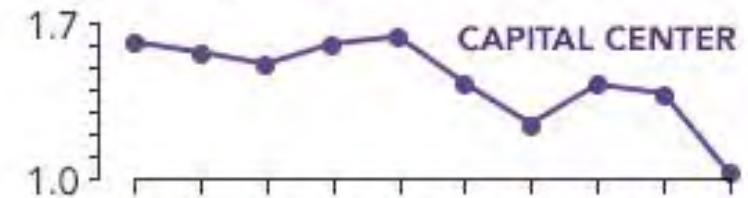


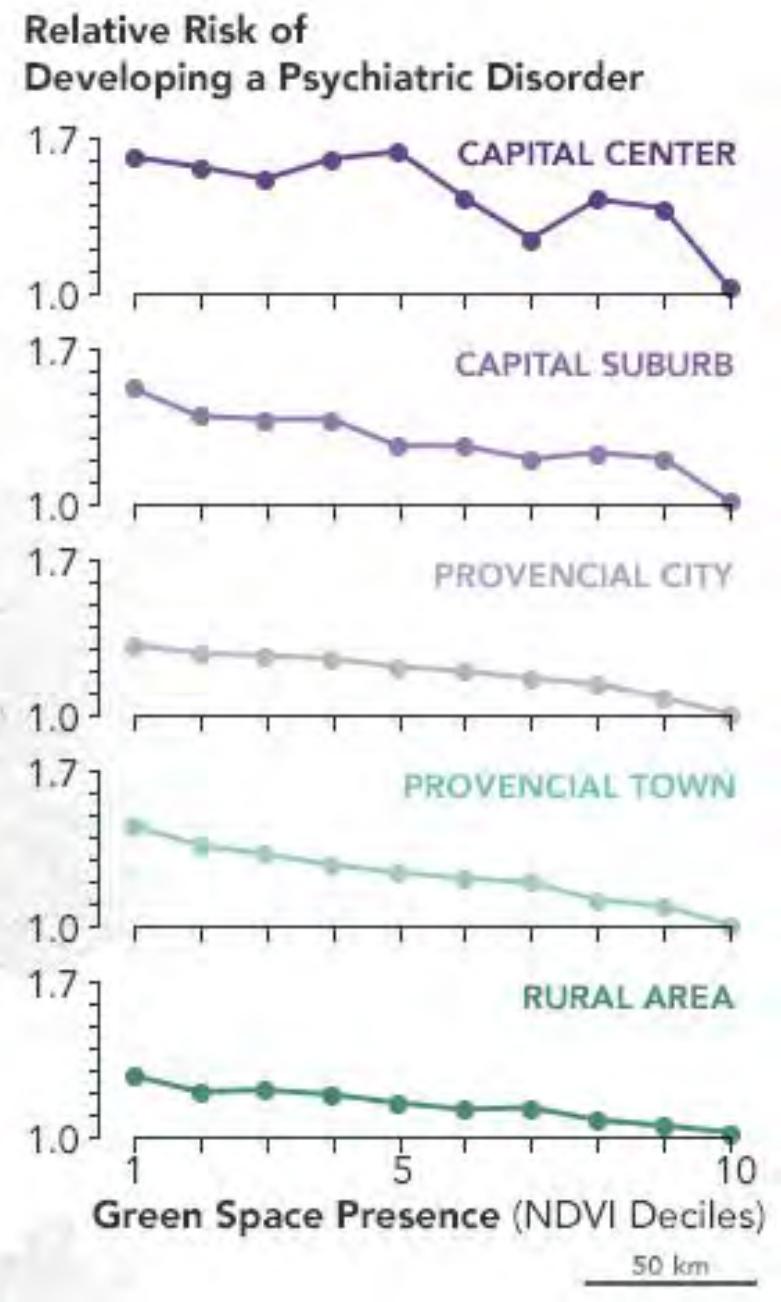
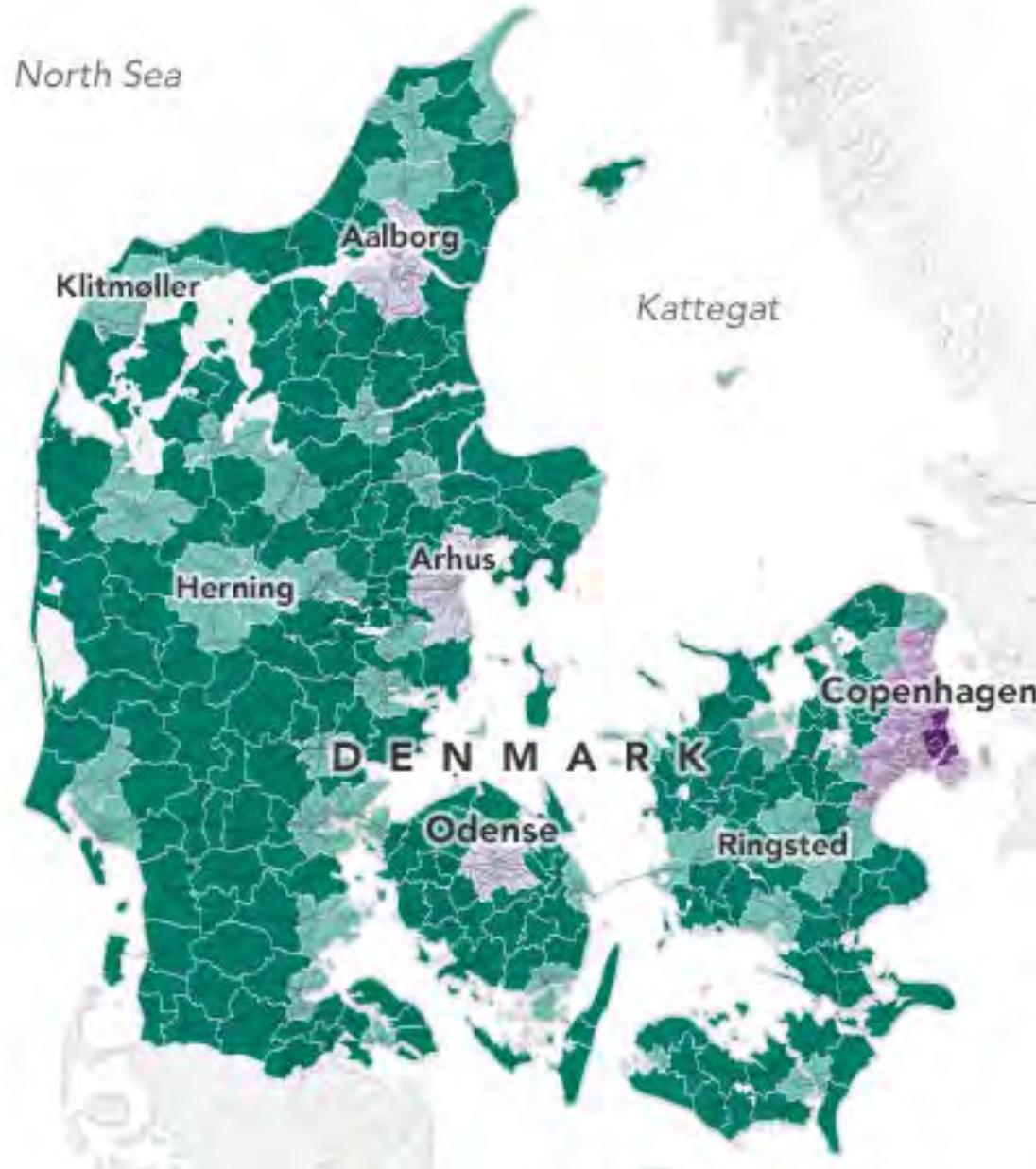
Fig. 1. Twelve-month progress (with 95% confidence bands) in superior working memory for participants with the first (low greenness) and third (high greenness) tertiles of greenness within the school boundaries.



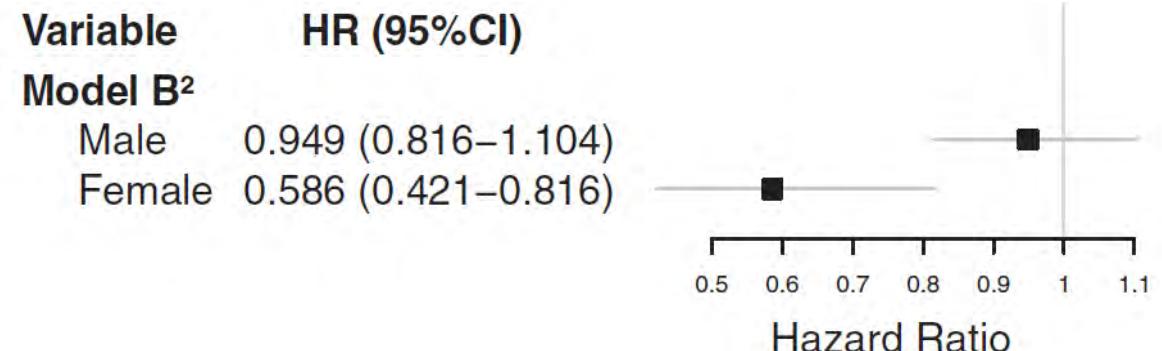
Relative Risk of
Developing a Psychiatric Disorder



1 5 10
Green Space Presence (NDVI Deciles)
50 km

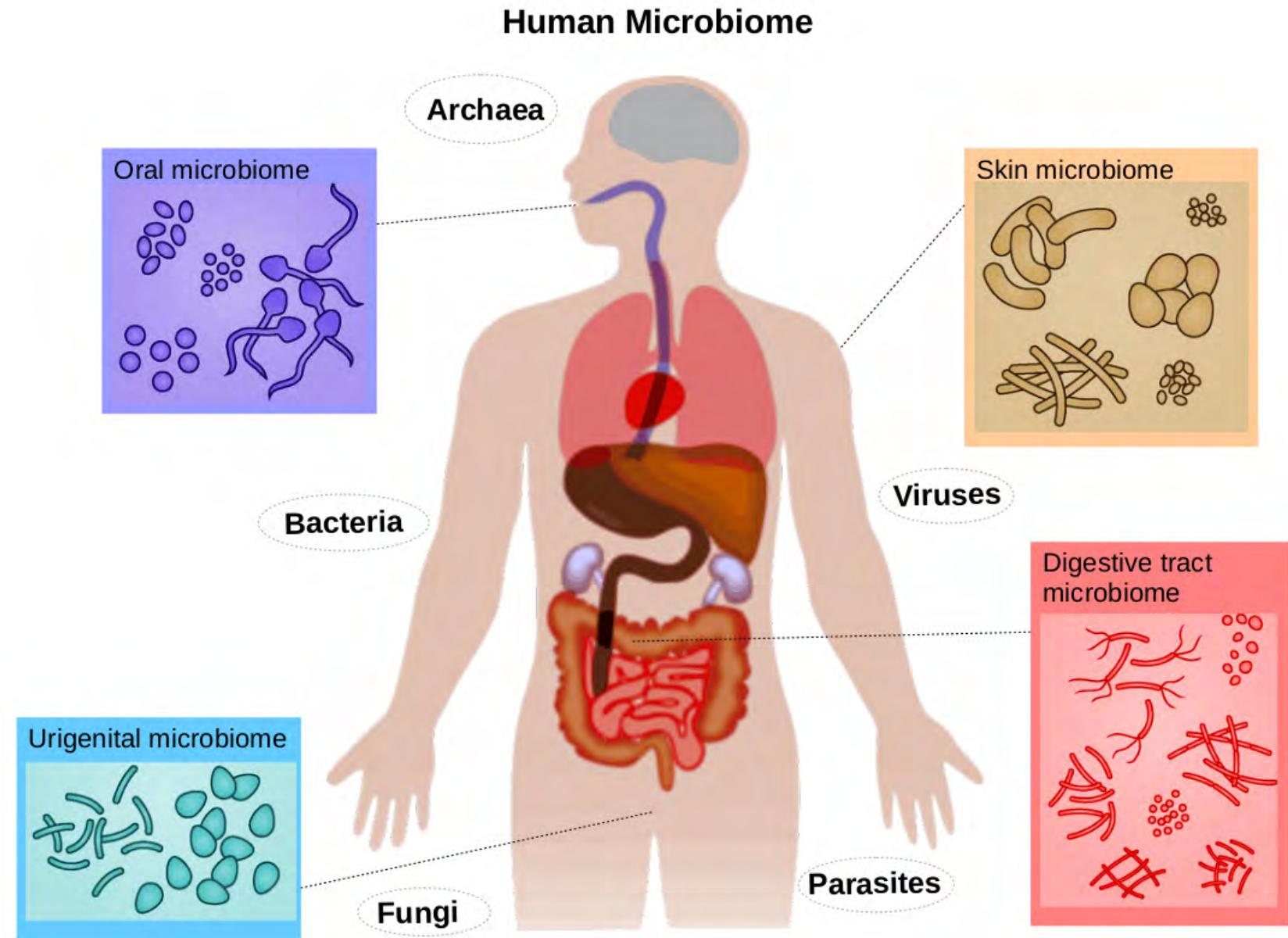


Capital social y mortalidad

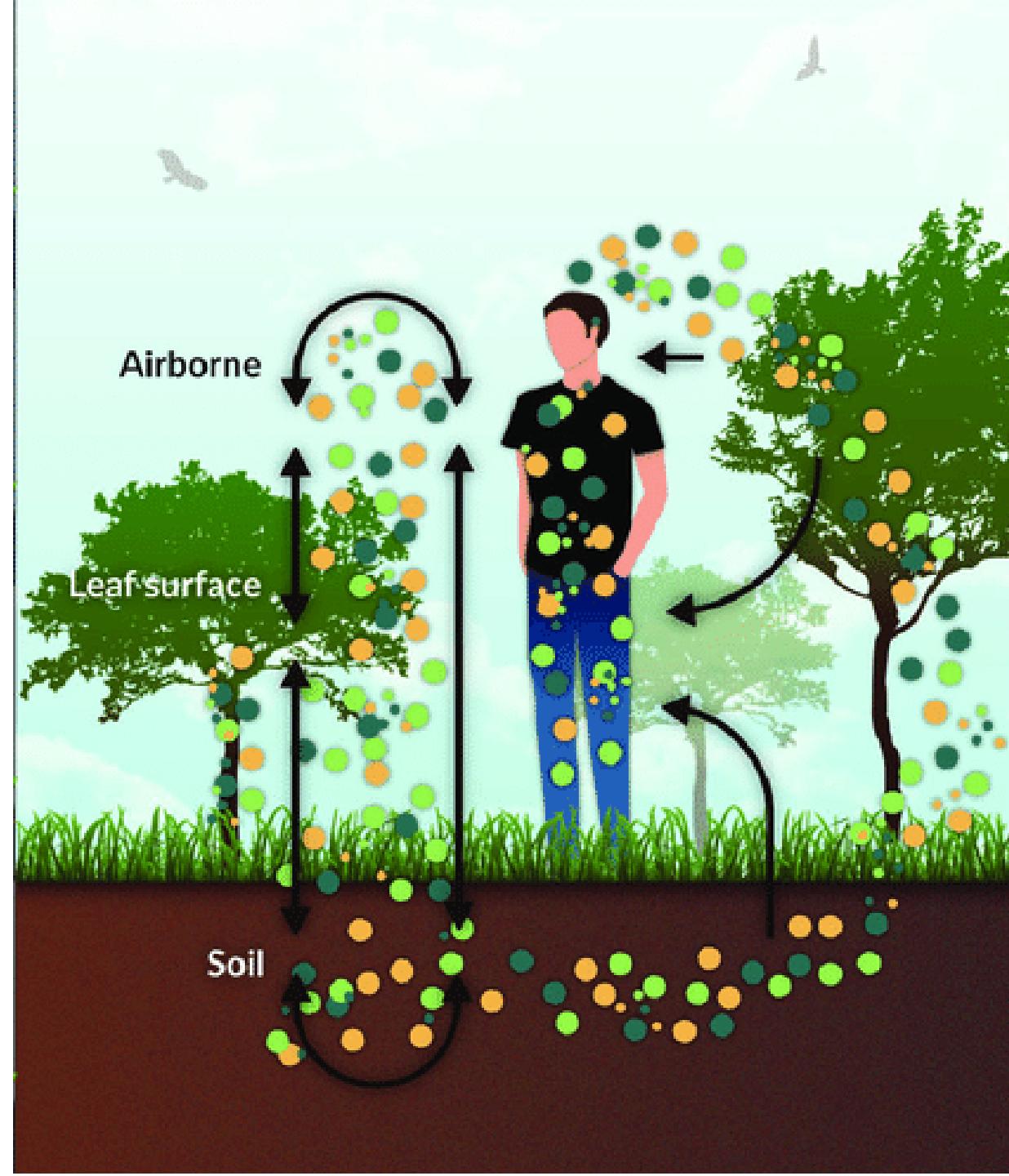


> Capital social = 40% menos riesgo de mortalidad

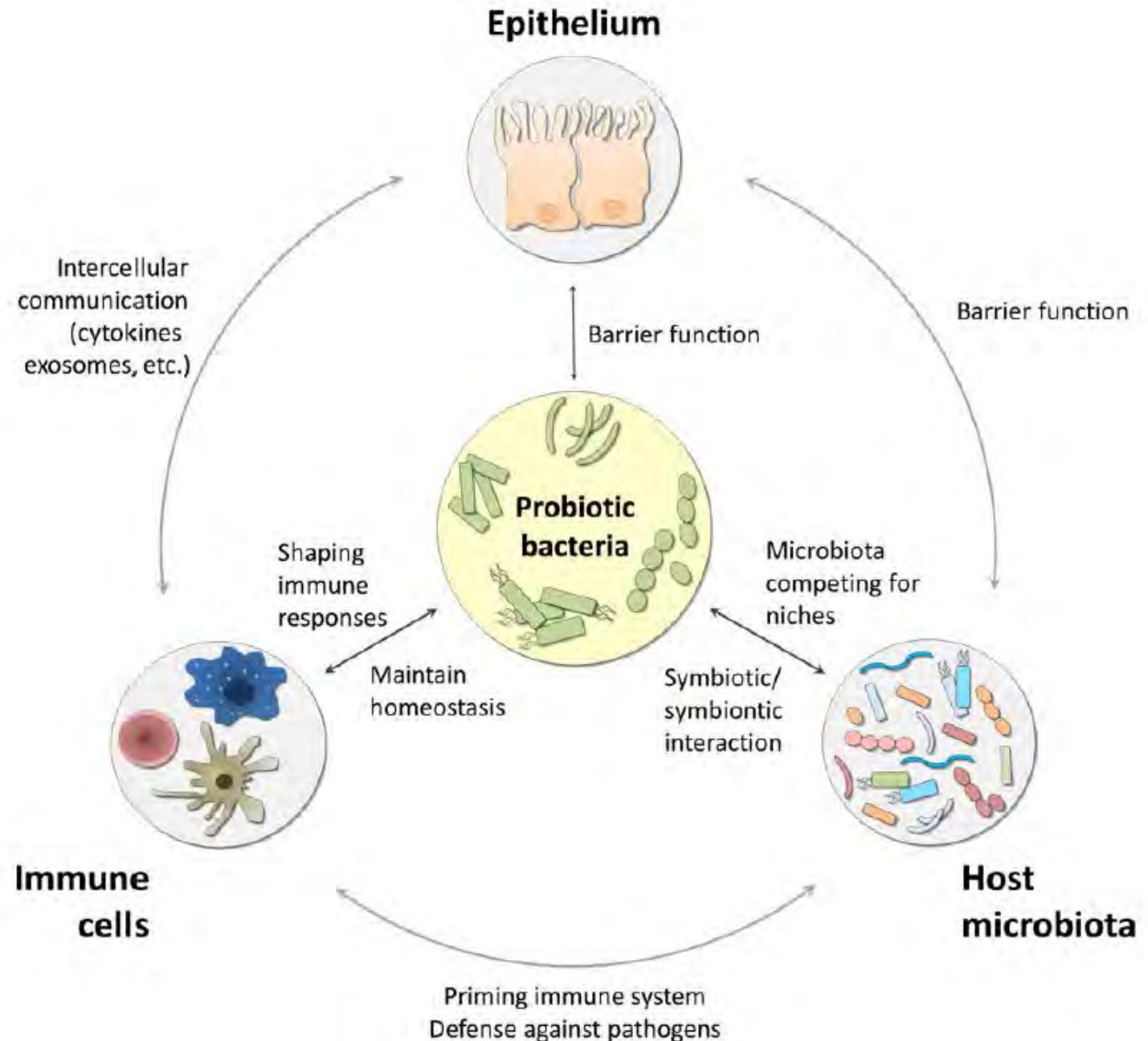
Ambiente Y Microbioma



Ambiente Y Microbioma



Bacterias y Huesped



Bacterias de la piel

Y

Tipo de uso del
suelo

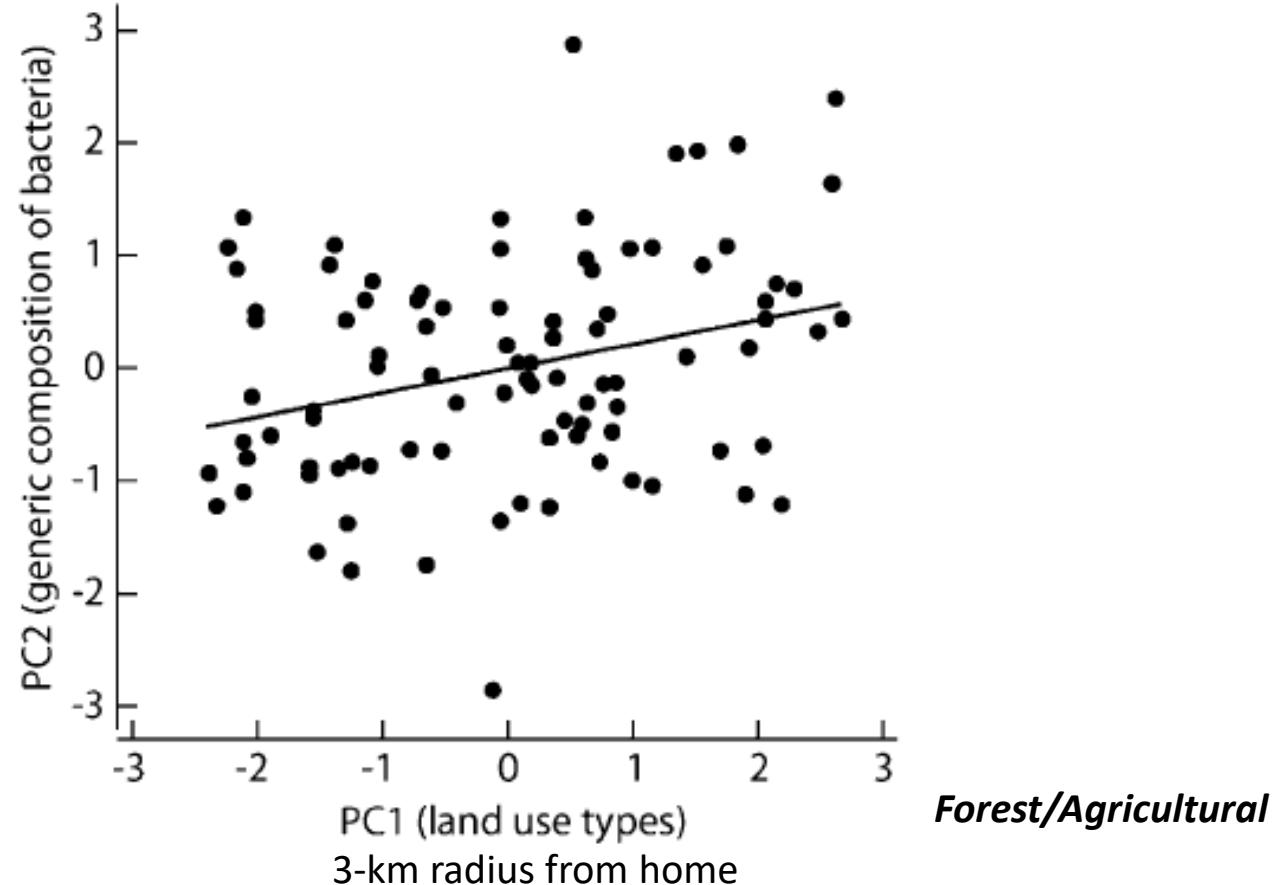
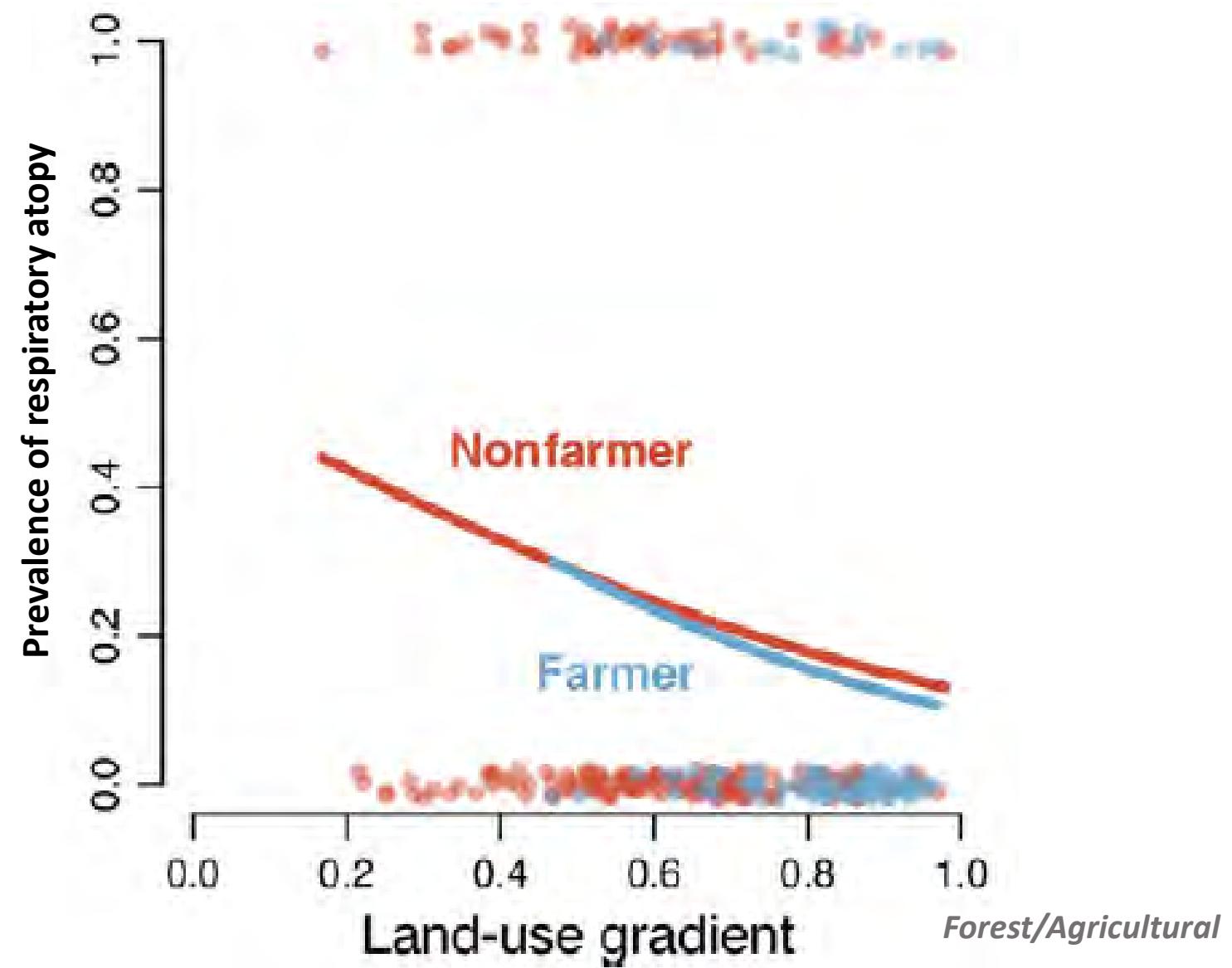


Fig. 1. Relationship between the generic composition of skin microbiota and land use types around the home. The vertical axis shows $PC2_{bac}$, which correlates positively with the generic diversity of proteobacteria and negatively with the diversity of all other bacterial classes (*SI Appendix, Table S2*). The horizontal axis shows $PC1_{env}$, which summarizes variation in land use types within a 3-km radius of the homes of the study subjects and is positively correlated with forests and agricultural land (*SI Appendix, Table S1*). Regression: $F = 9.12$, $df = 1.93$, $P = 0.0033$.

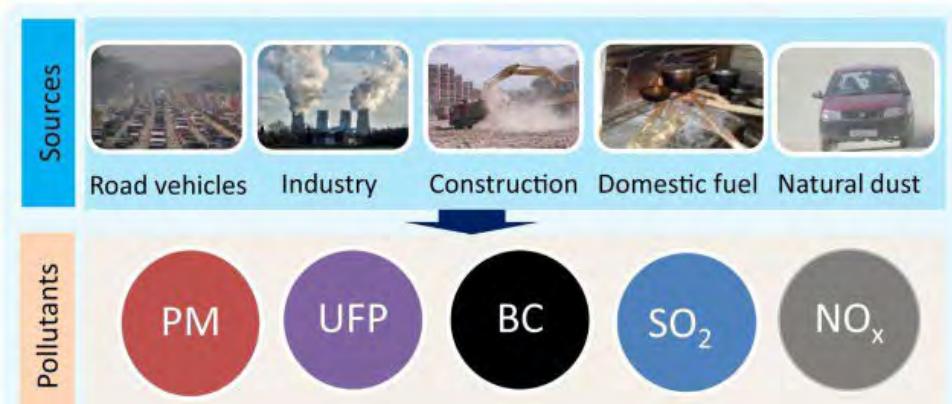
Atopia respiratoria

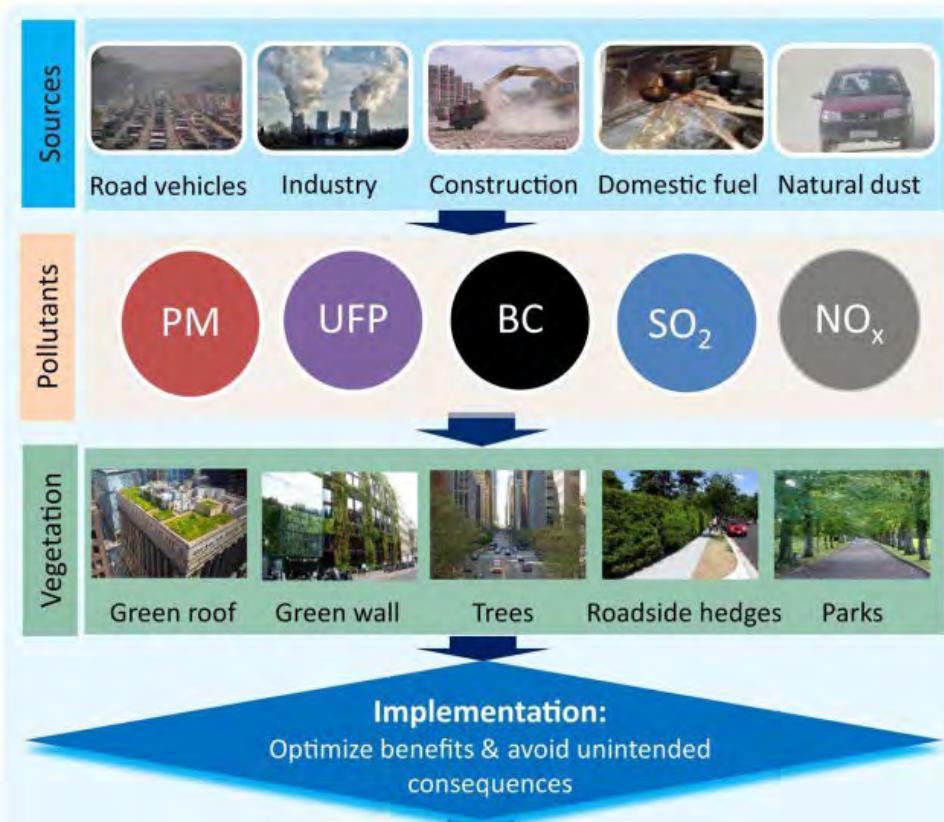
Y

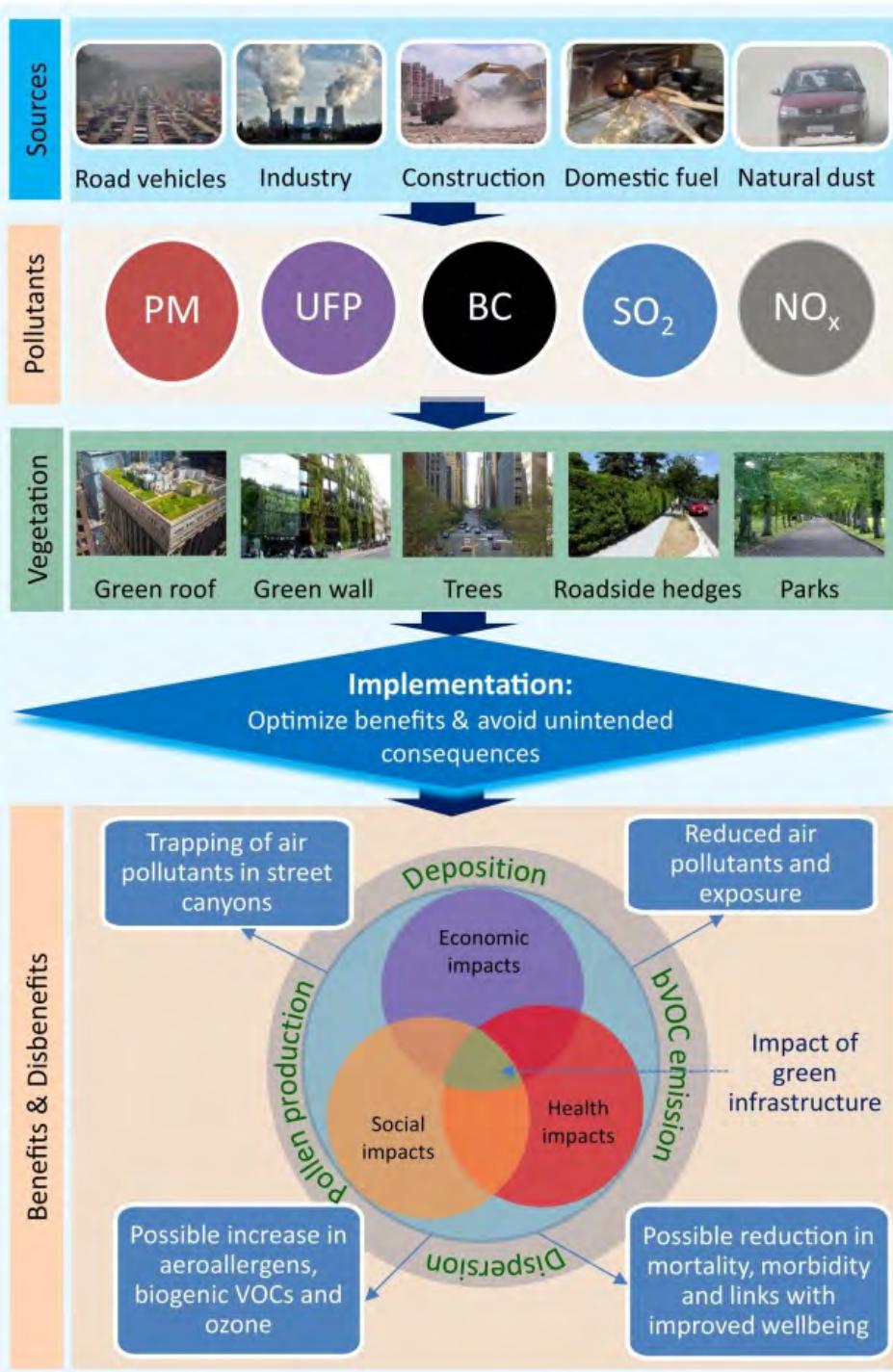
Tipo de uso del
suelo











↑ Air purification and microclimate regulation



↑ Vegetation structure complexity

↑ Management intensity

Vegetation structure and management matters to the provision of ecosystem services in urban green spaces



HEAT is reflected off of buildings and paved surfaces where there is little vegetation

VEGETATED AREAS
around cities
stay cooler

COOL

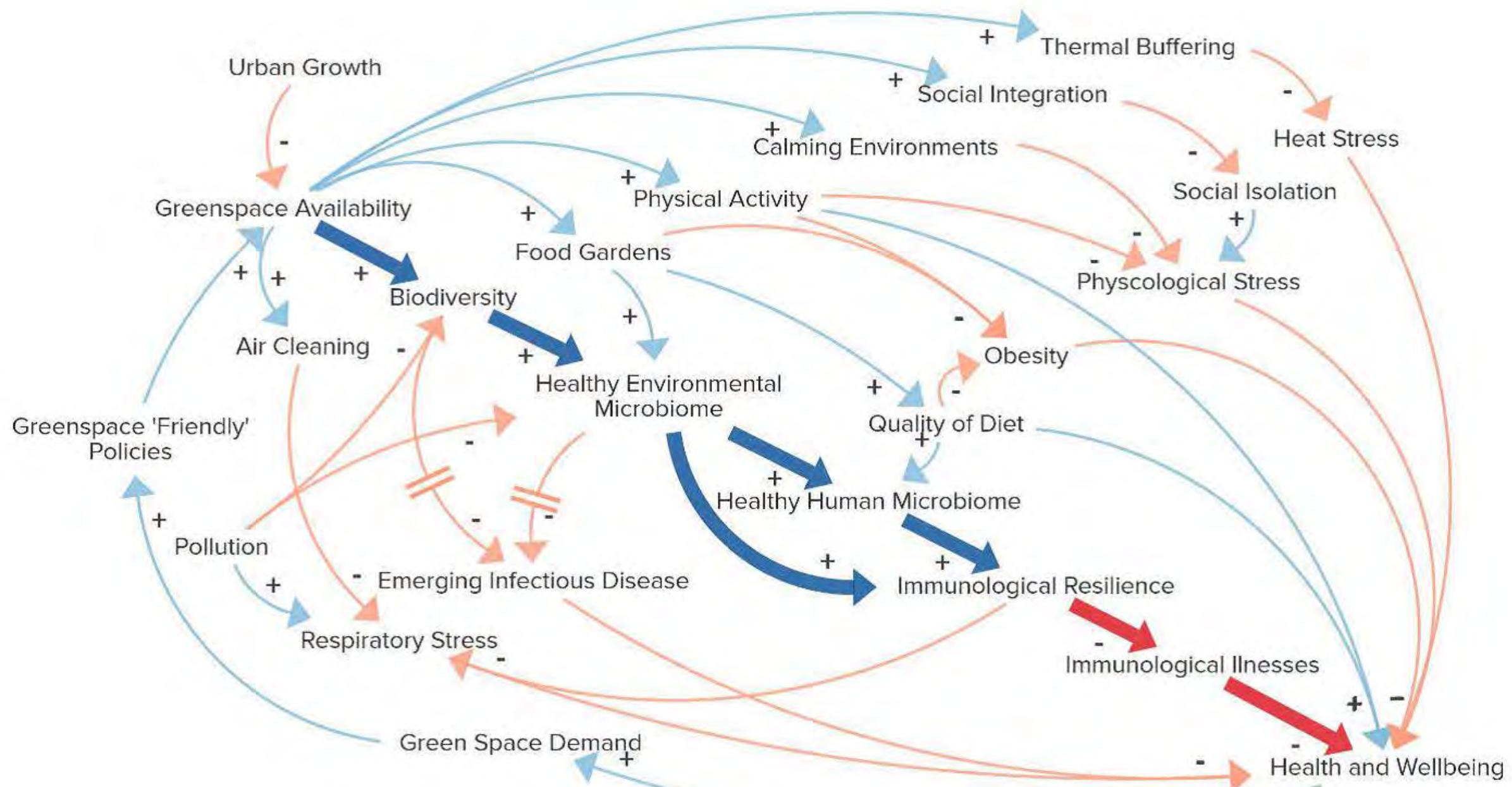
HOT

URBAN TREES provide shade which cools localized areas

COOLER CITIES

DECREASED DEATHS FROM HEAT

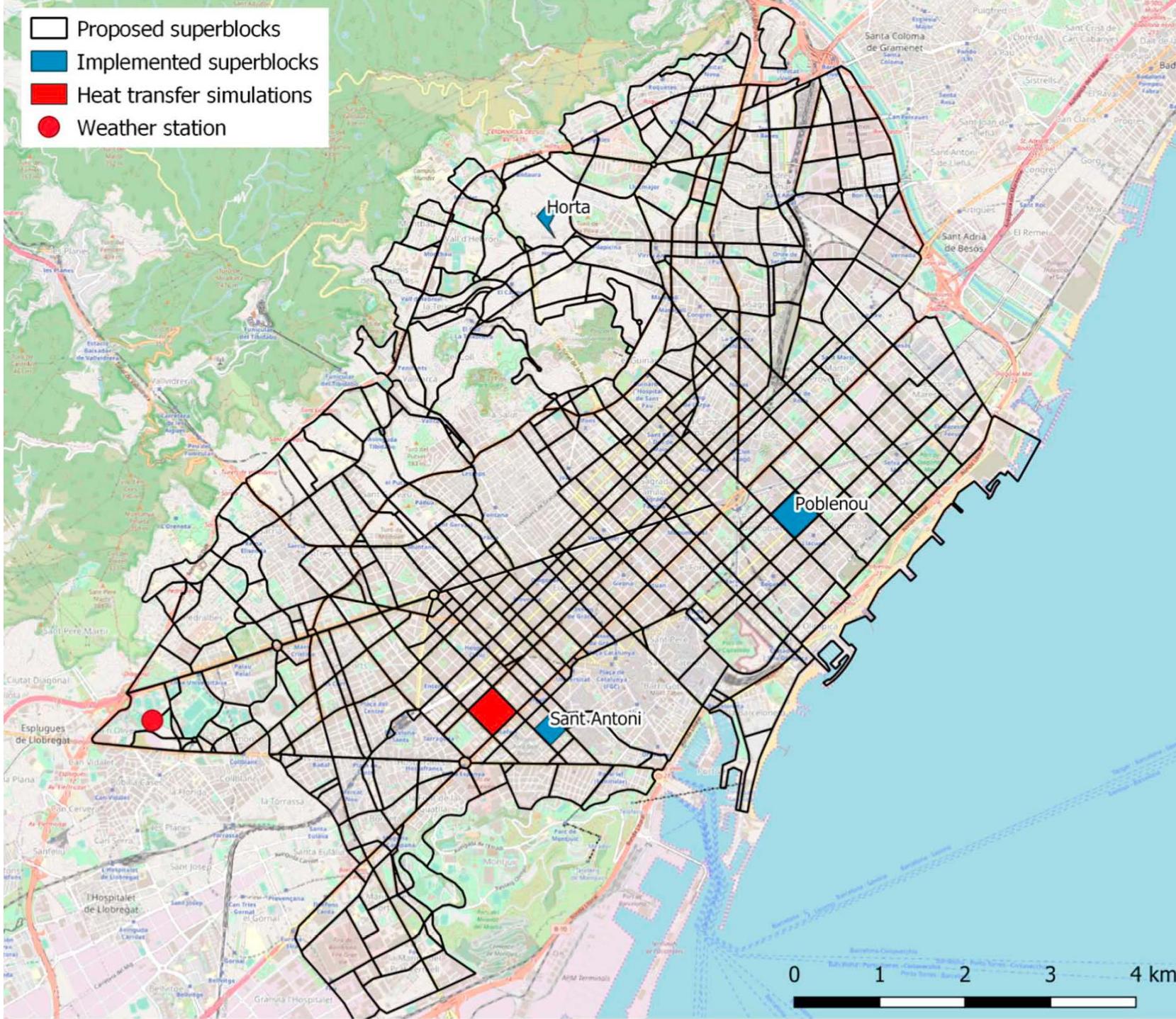
COOL



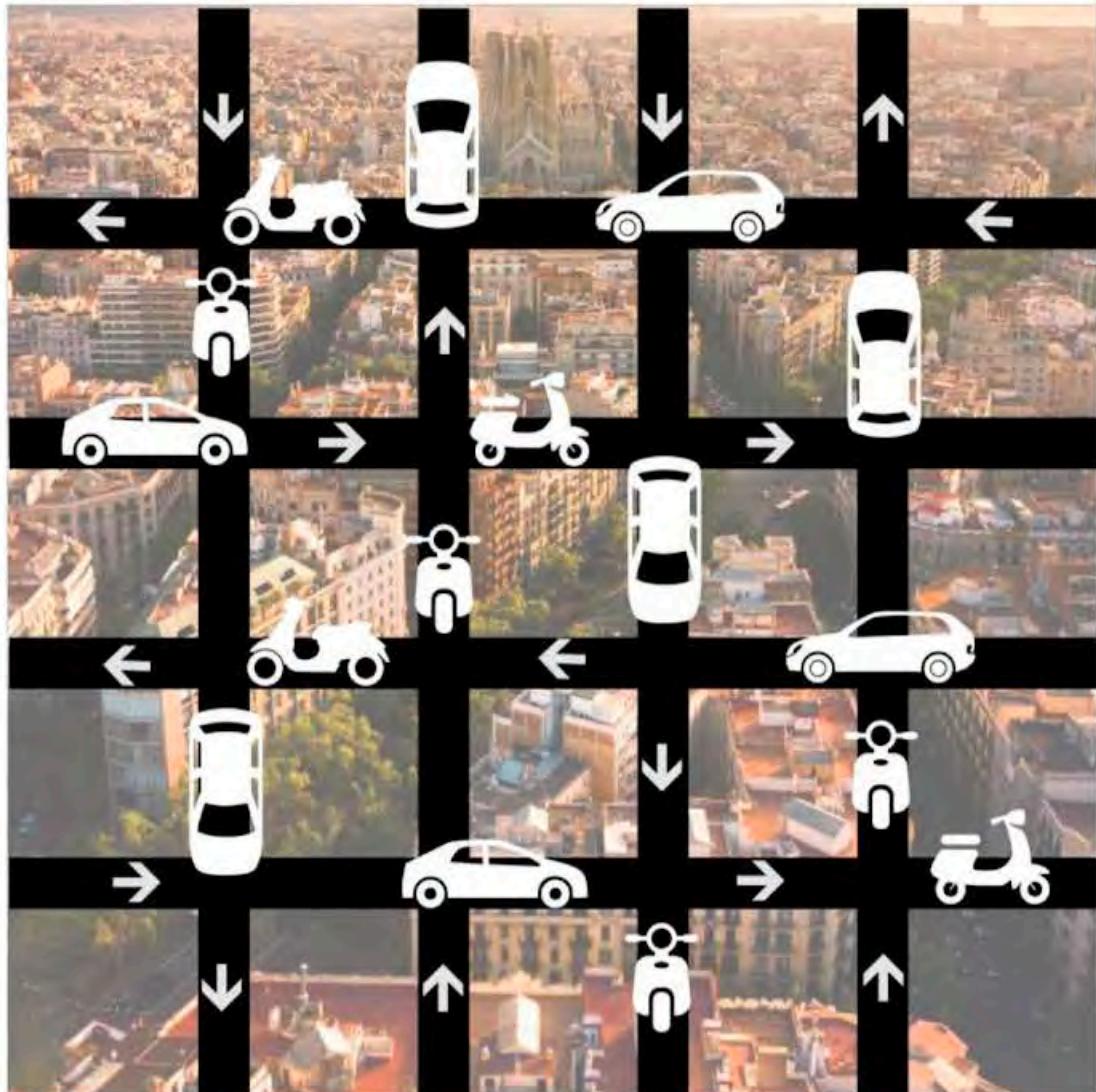
Causal Pathways Through Urban Green Space

— Adds to / same direction

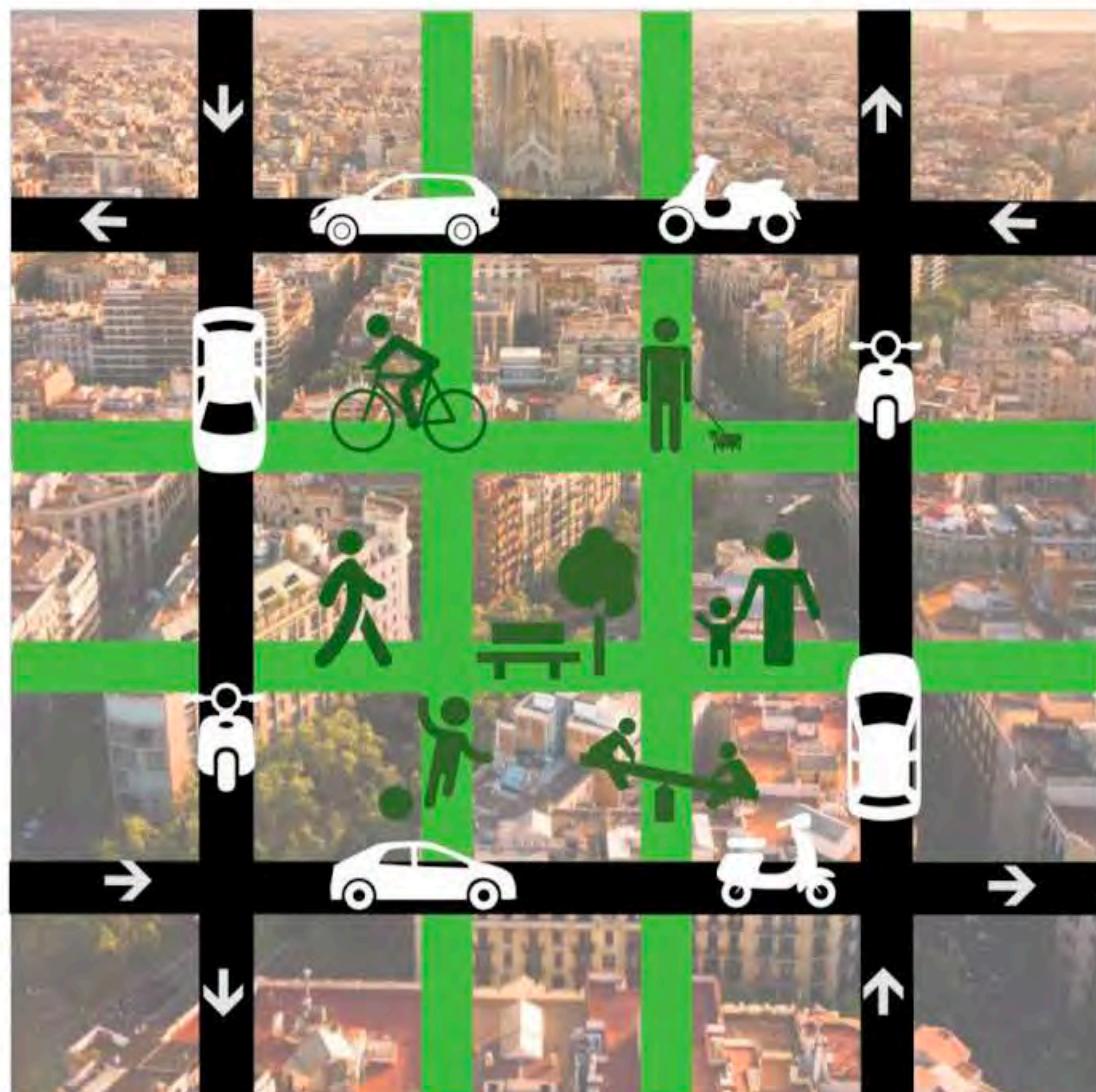
— Subtracts from / opposite direction



503 Supermanzanas Barcelona



Baseline situation

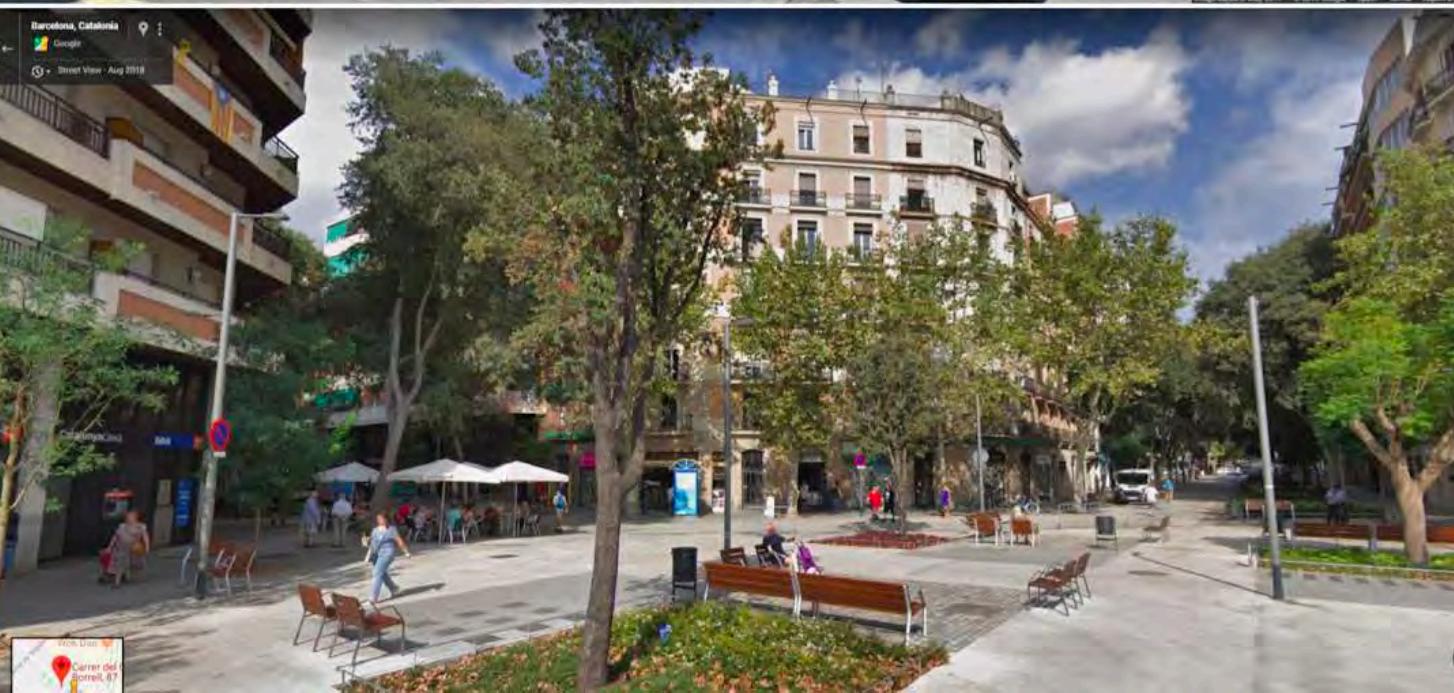


Superblocks model



Barcelona Superblock San Antoni

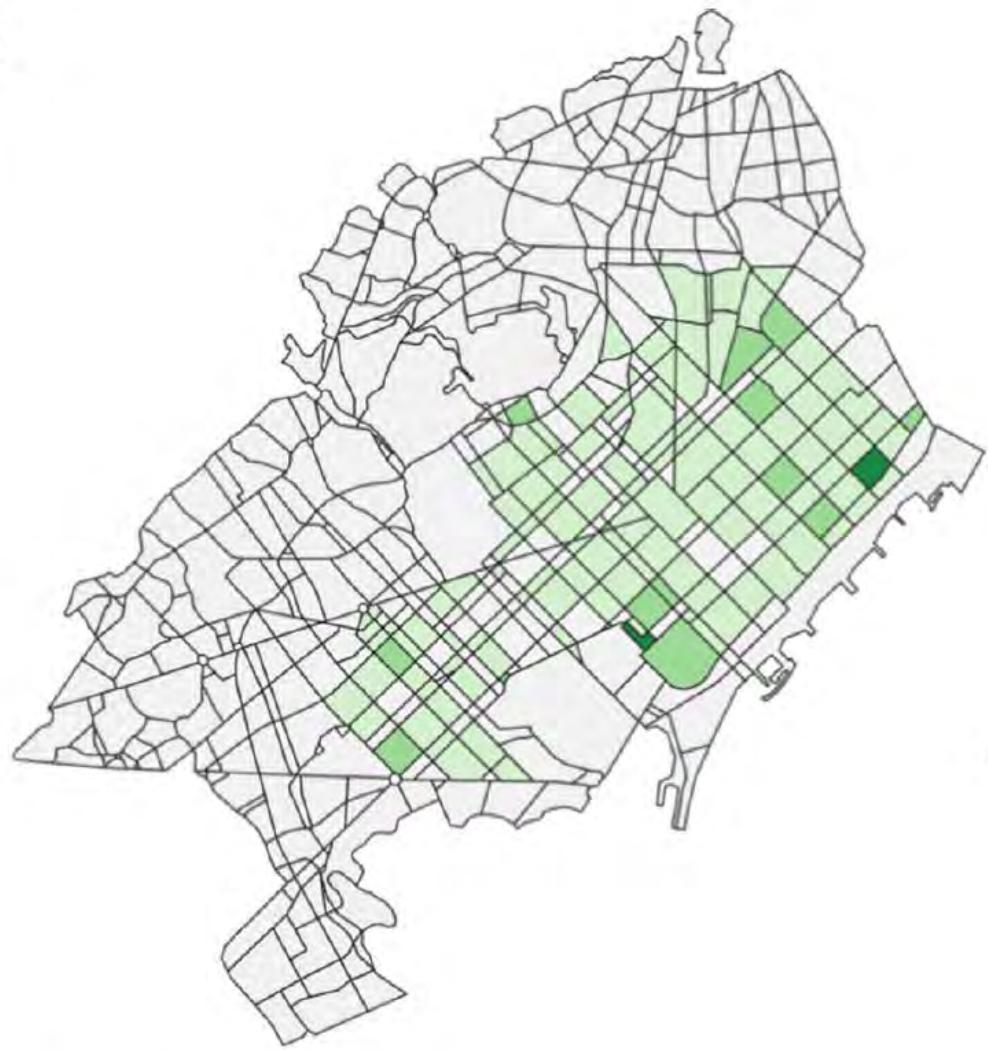
Before



After

Green space (%)

A



0 1 2 3 4 km

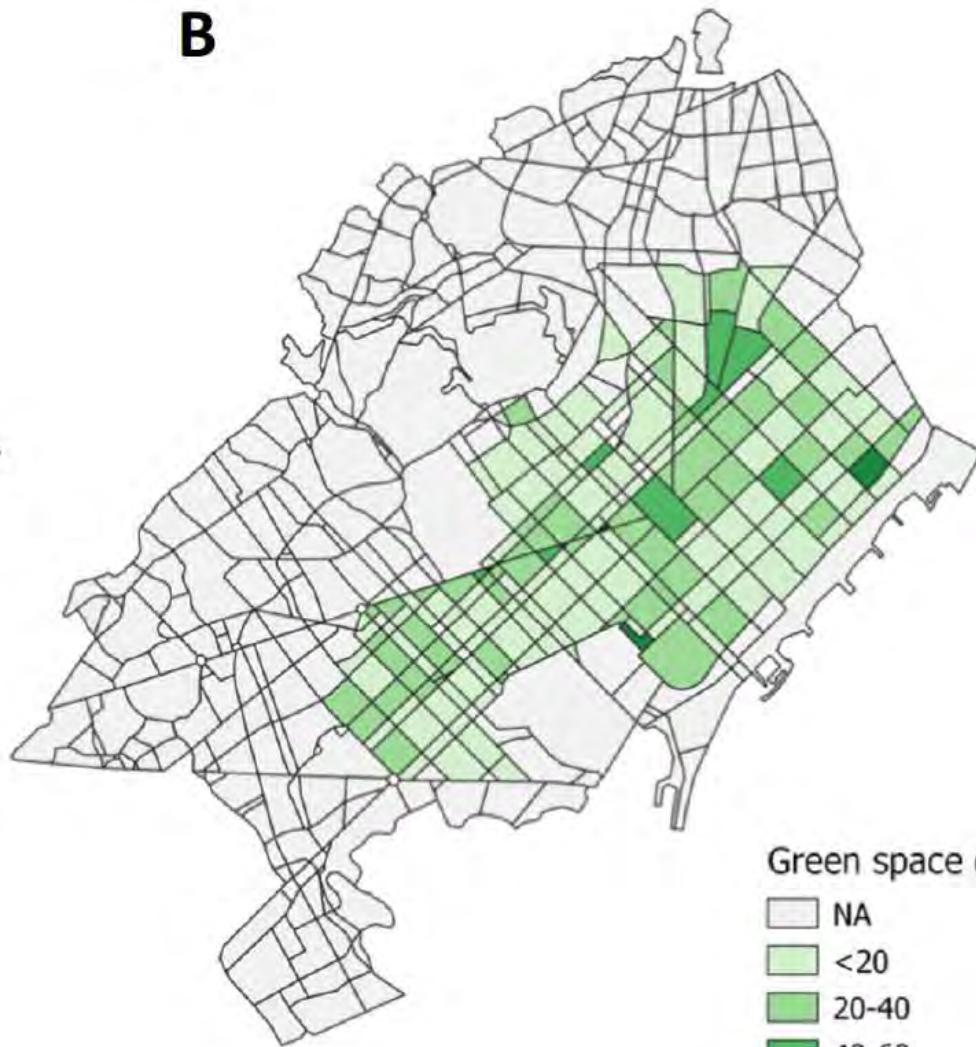
Green space (%)

A



0 1 2 3 4 km
Scale bar

B



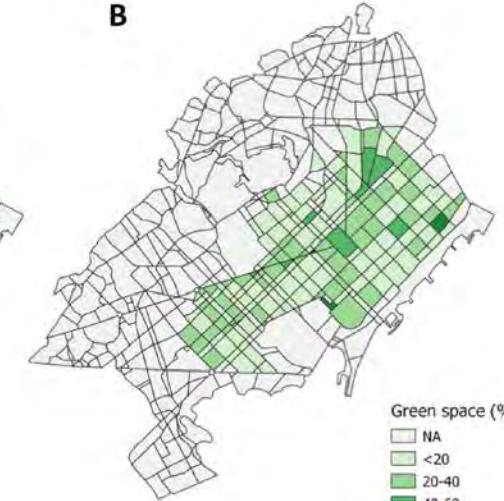
Green space (%)
NA
<20
20-40
40-60
60-80
80-100

Green space (%)

A

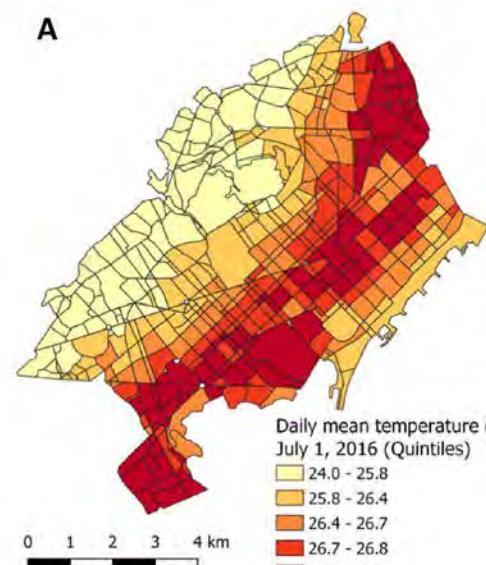


B

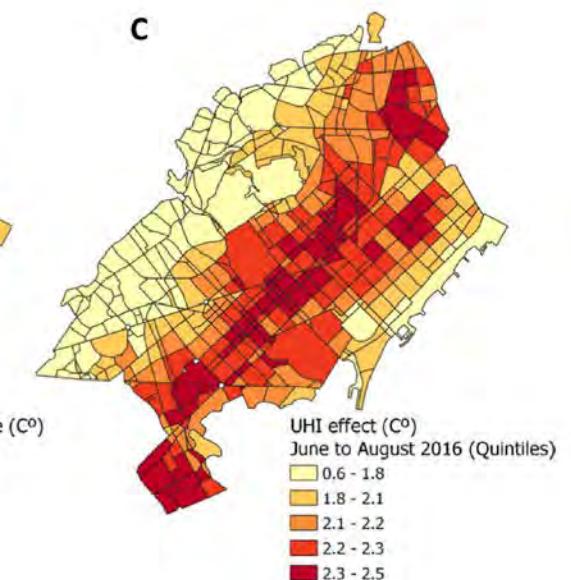


Temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)

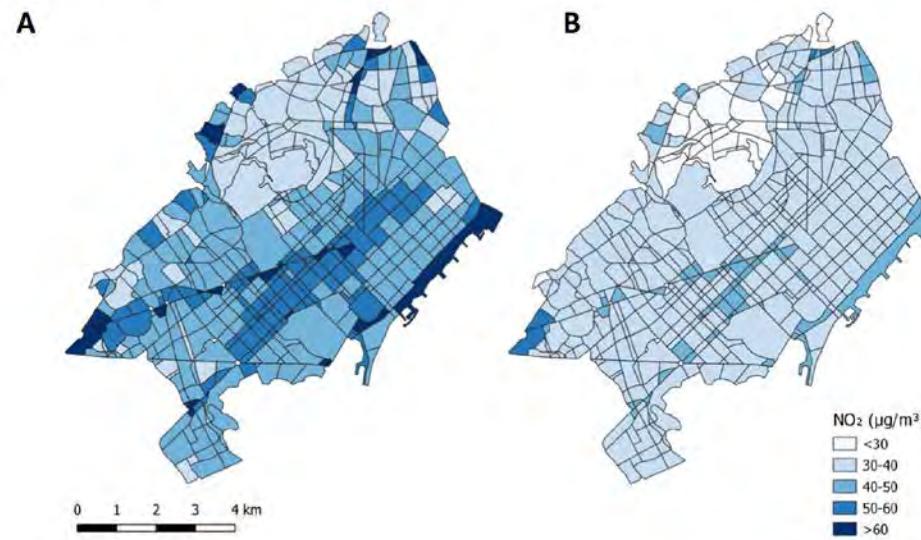
A



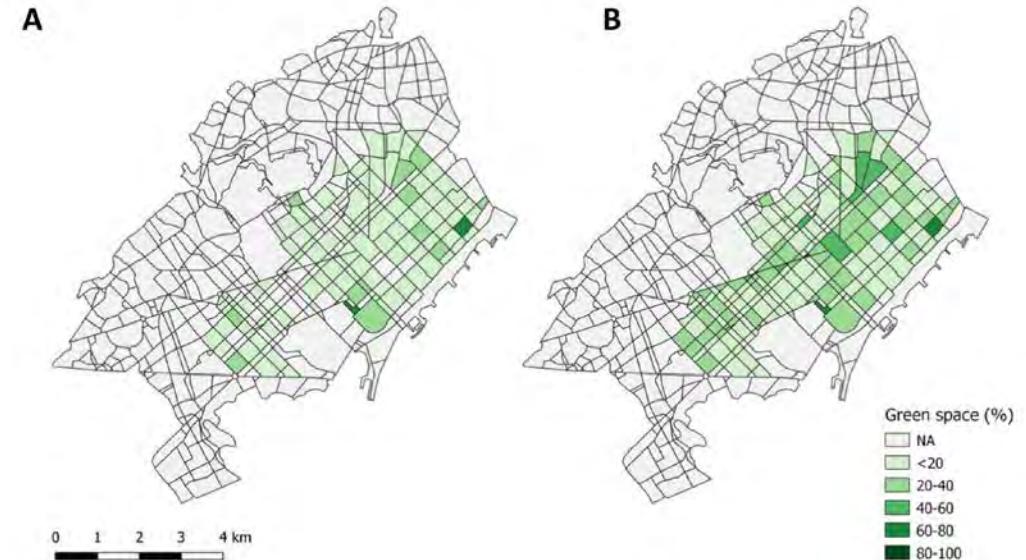
C



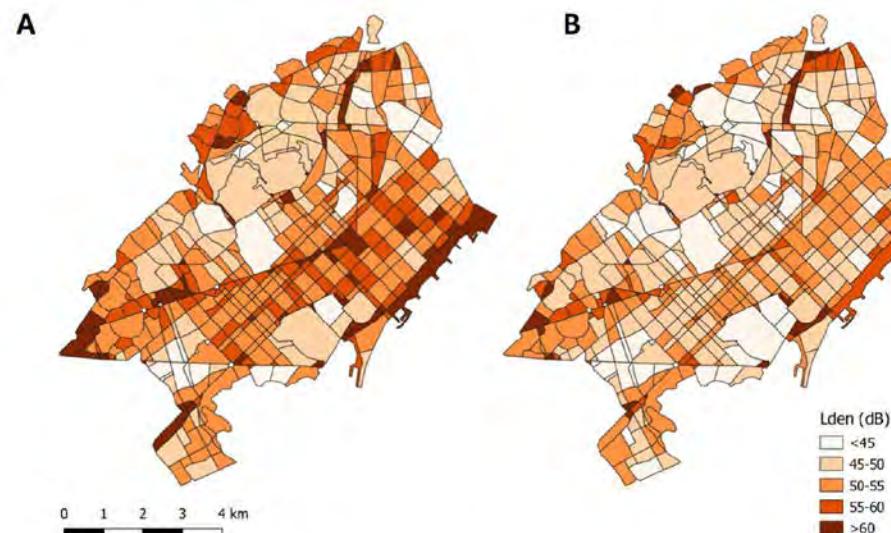
NO_2 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)



Green space (%)



Road noise (L_{den} dB)



Temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)

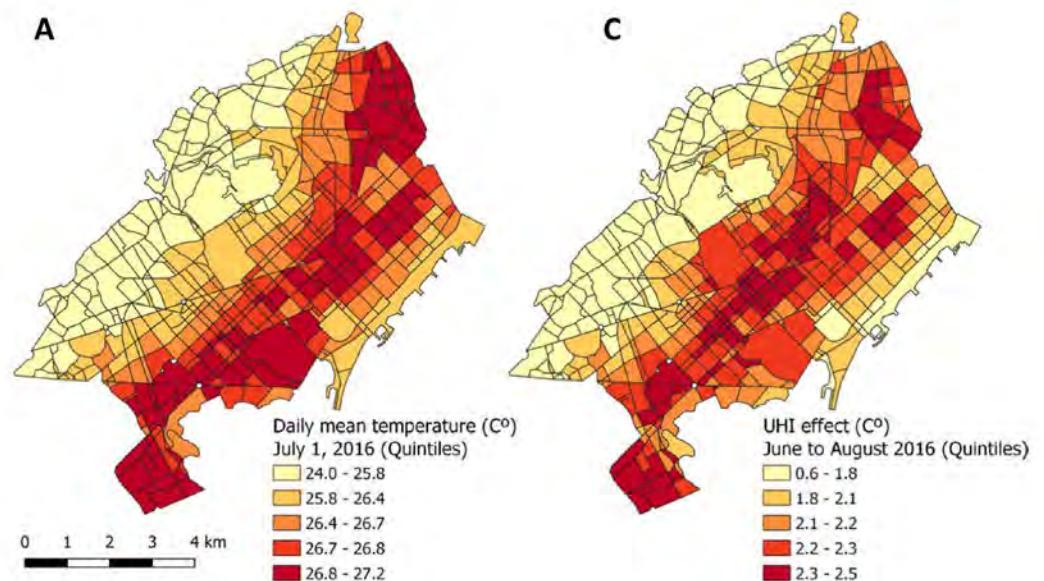


Fig. 5. Baseline and Superblocks environmental exposure levels.

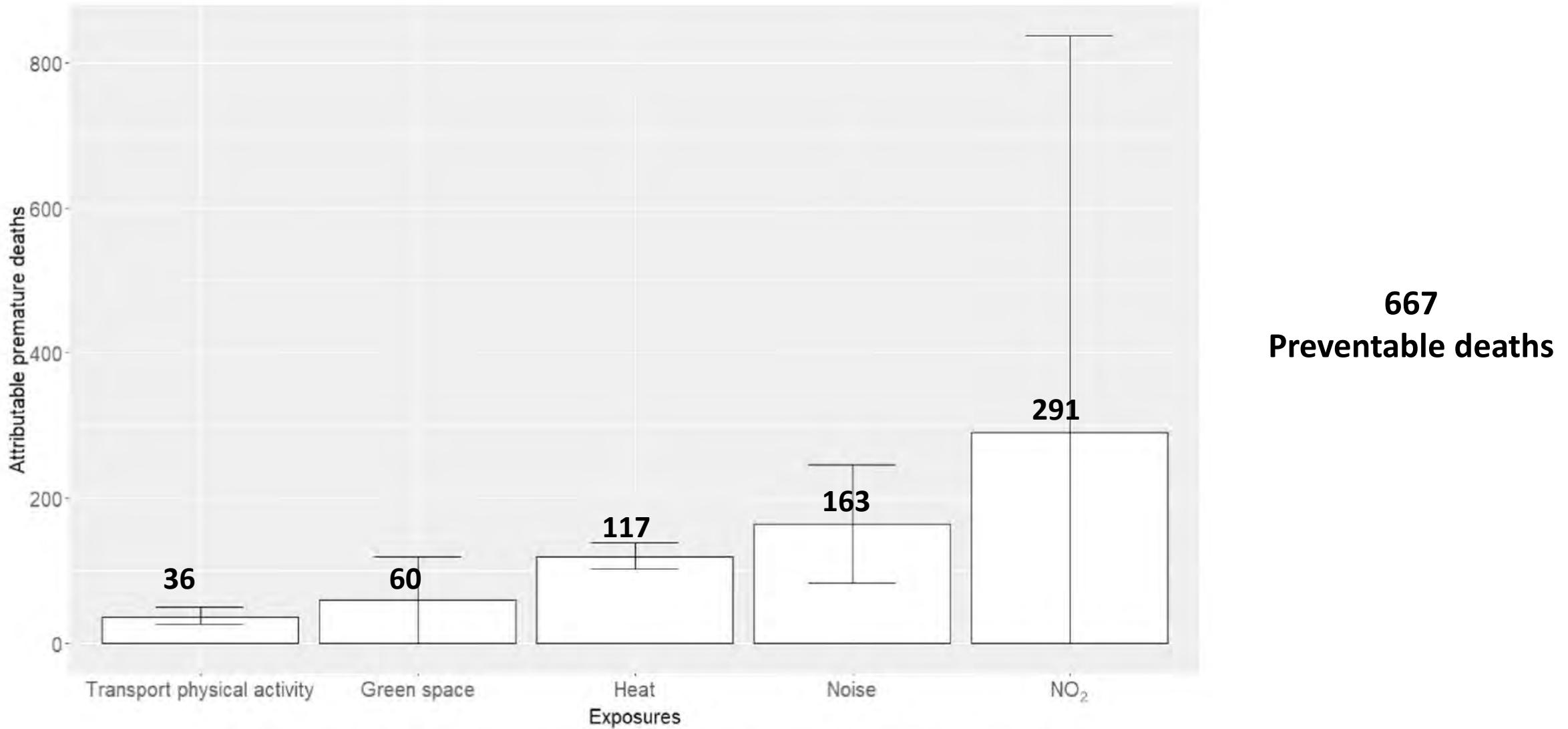


Fig. 6. Annual preventable premature deaths estimated for the Barcelona Superblock model.



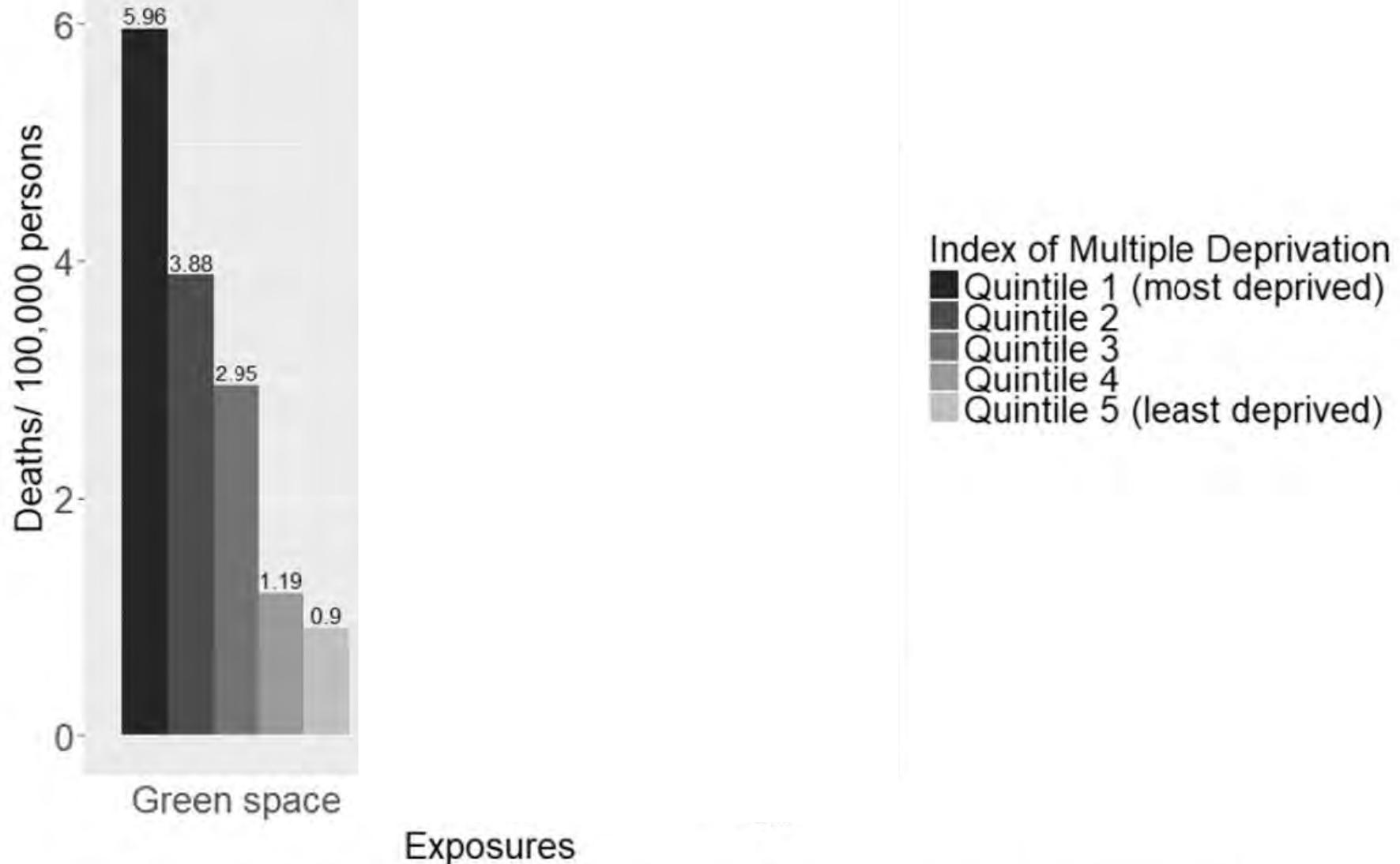


Fig. 4. Standardized mortality impacts by LSOA-level deprivation score.



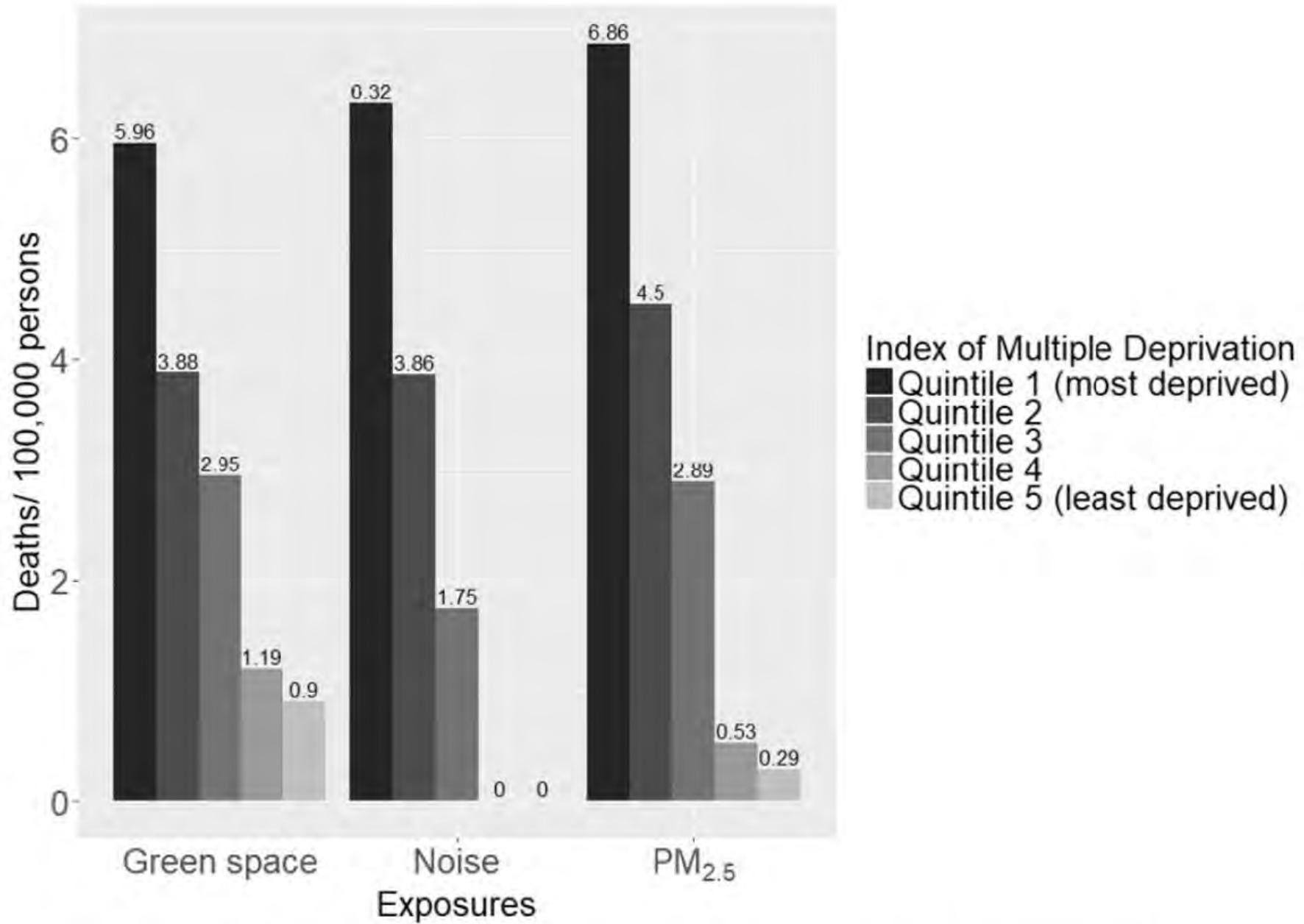
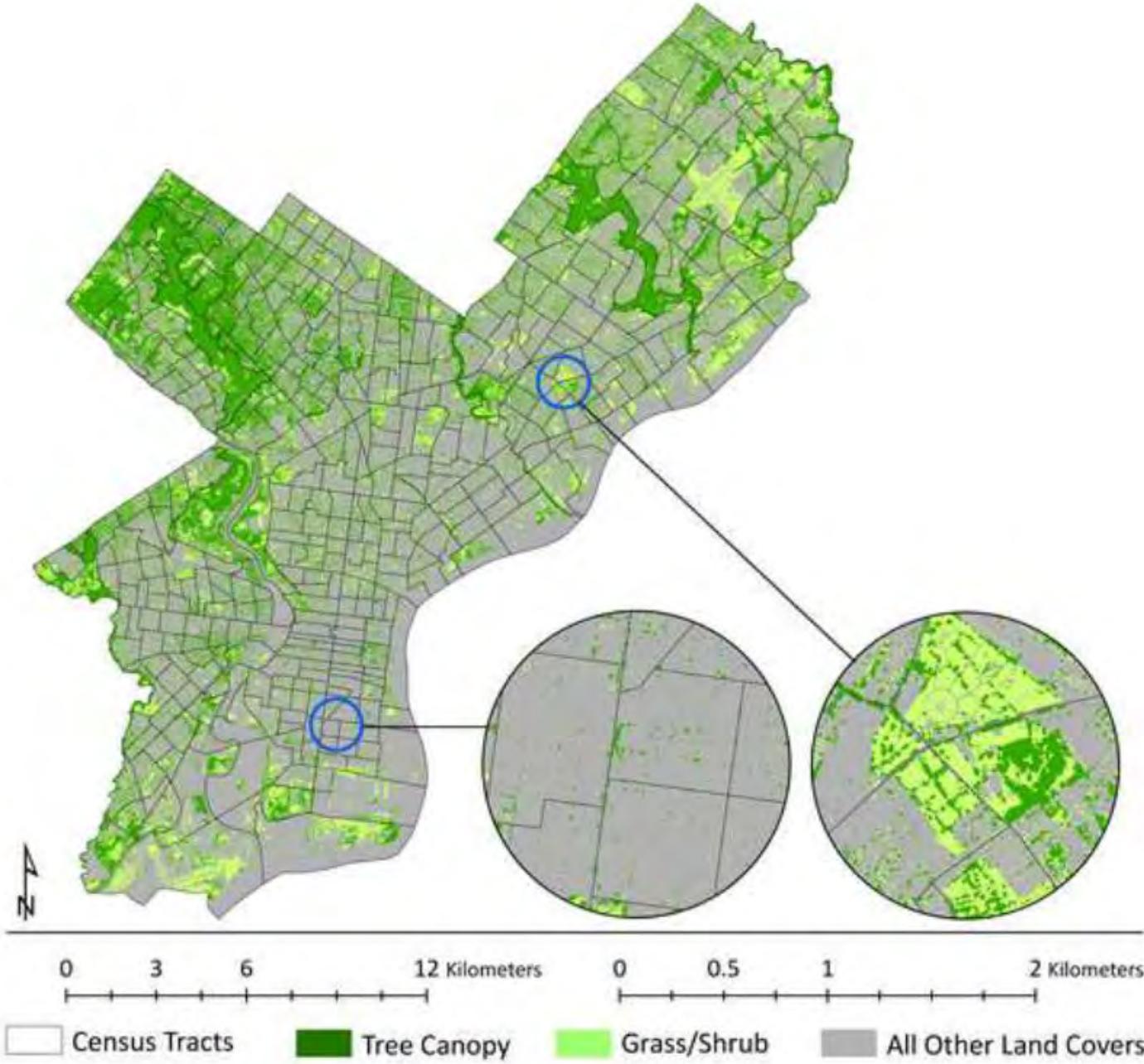


Fig. 4. Standardized mortality impacts by LSOA-level deprivation score.





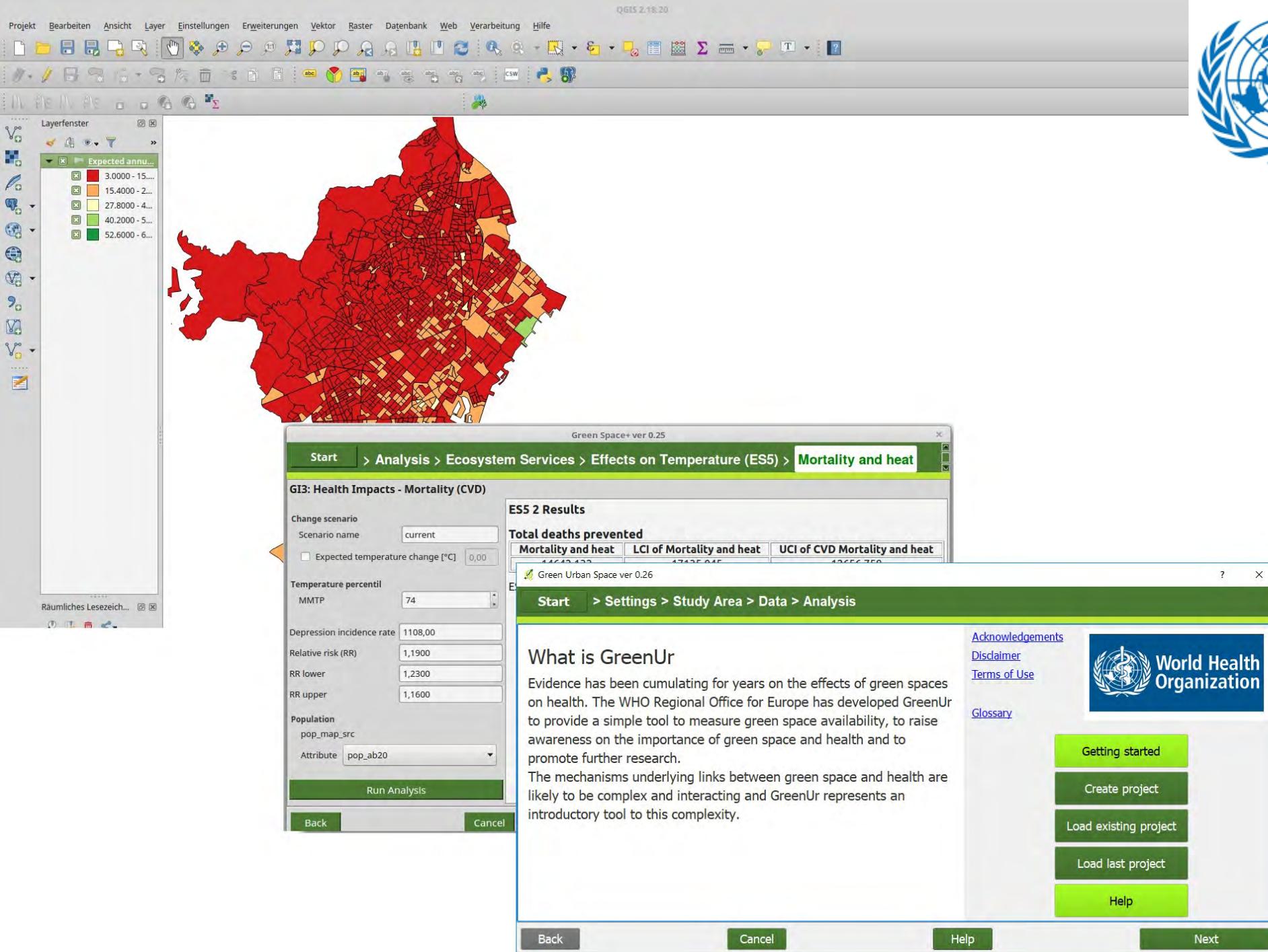


Cobertura arbolada 2025



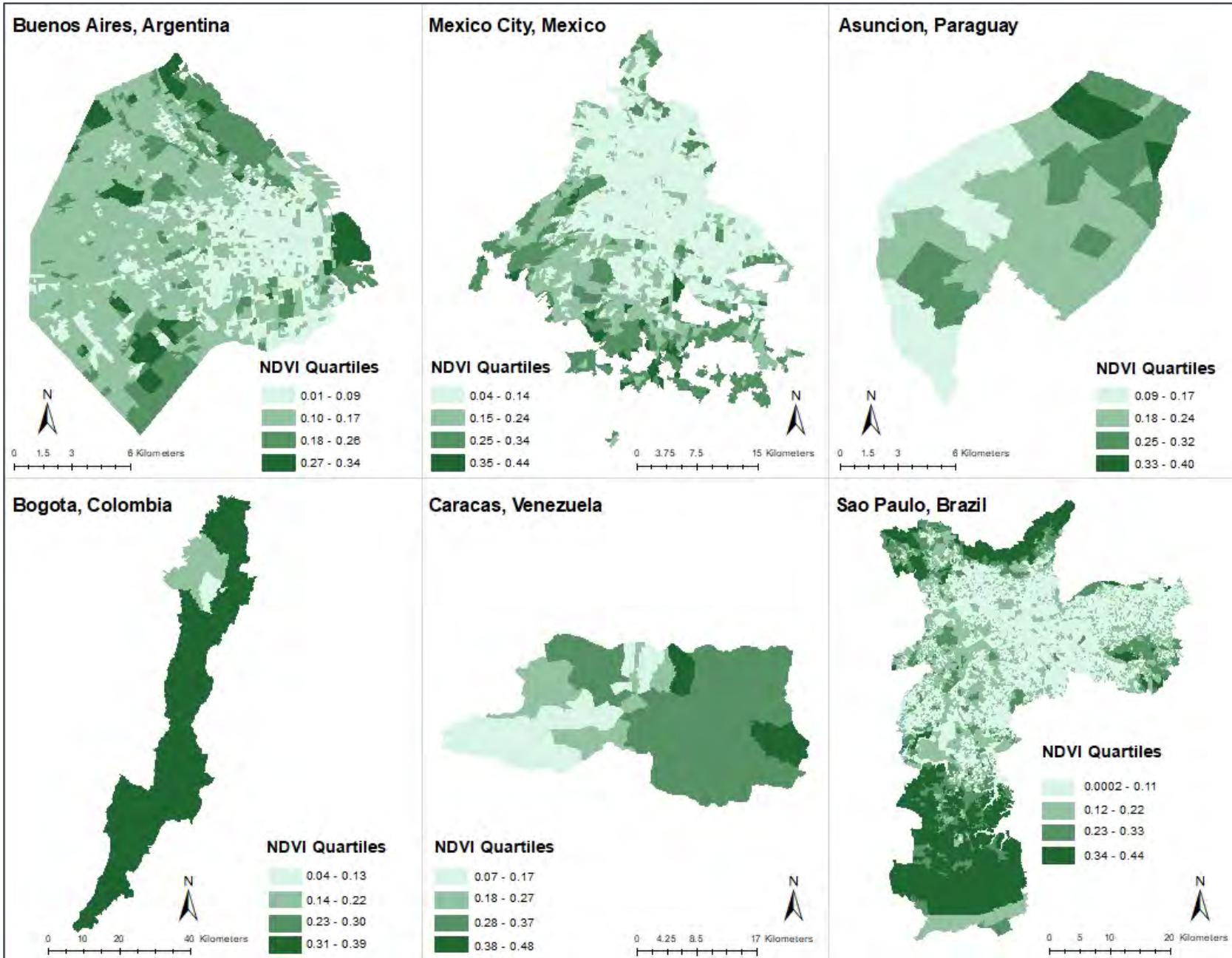
Table 3. Annual preventable premature adult deaths (years 2016-2025) by count and percent, and economic impacts

	Preventable Premature Adult deaths				Economic value ^{1,2}	
	Count	95% Interval	Percent	95% Interval	Value in millions	95% Interval
SCENARIO 1: 5% increase tree coverage						
Total Mortality						
City-wide	265	(156, 320)	1·9%	(1·1%, 2·3%)	\$2,543	(\$1502, \$3075)
SCENARIO 2: 10% increase tree coverage						
Total Mortality						
City-wide	526	(309, 638)	3·8%	(2·2%, 4·6%)	\$5,052	(\$2970, \$6125)
SCENARIO 3: 30% tree coverage						
Total Mortality						
City-wide	718	(414, 877)	5·2%	(3·0%, 6·4%)	\$6,890	(\$3981, \$8425)

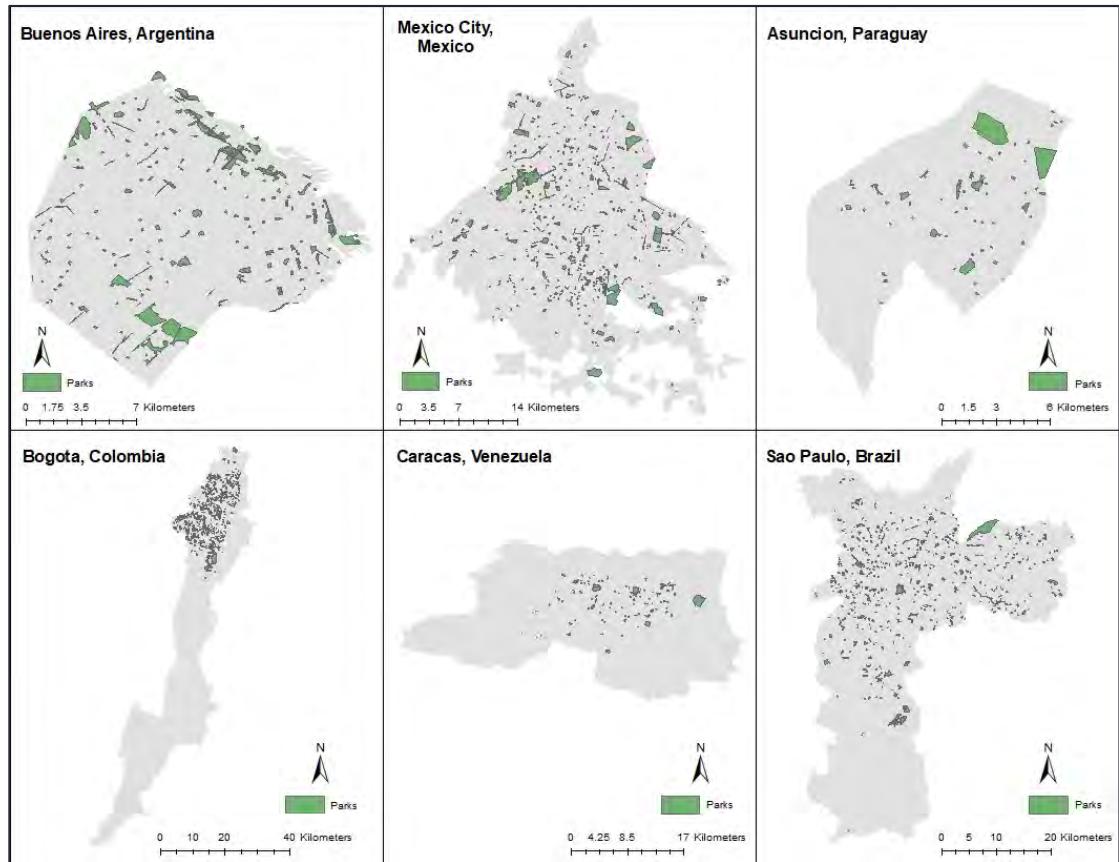


World Health Organization

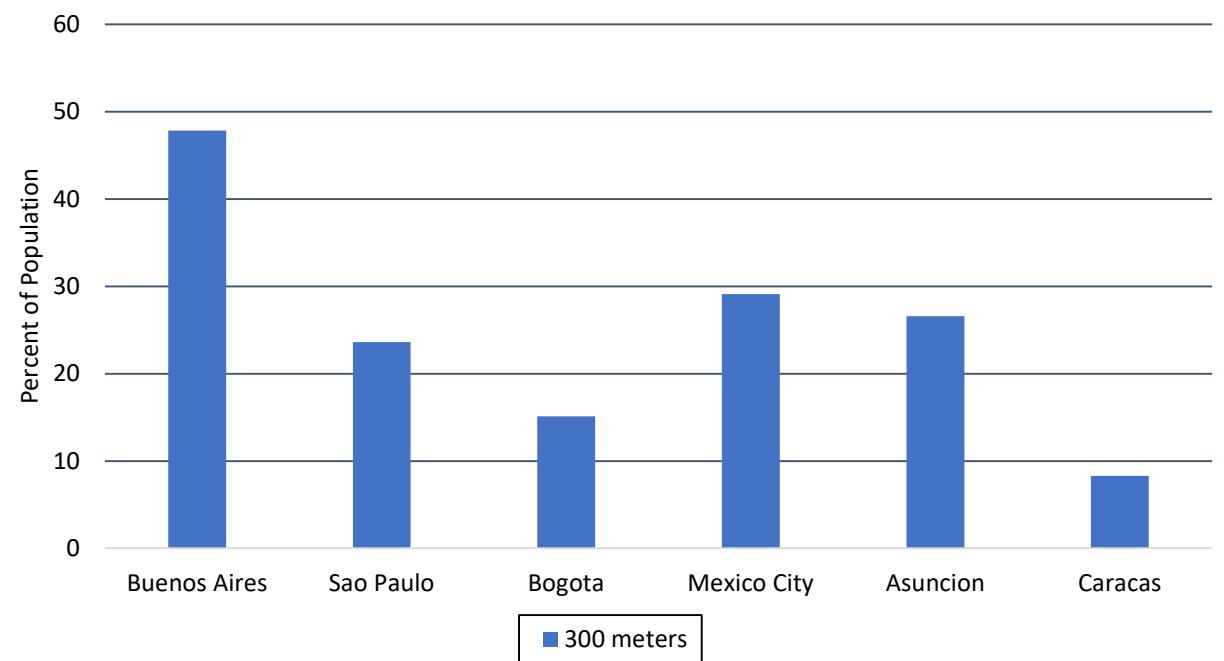




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Percent of Population Living Within 300m
from a Park (>0.5h)



COVID-19: SOCIAL DISTANCING IN PUBLIC PARKS AND TRAILS



Do not use parks or trails if you are exhibiting symptoms.



Share the trail and warn other trail users of your presence and as you pass.



Be prepared for limited access to public restrooms or water fountains.

Follow CDC's guidance on personal hygiene prior to visiting parks or trails.

Observe CDC's minimum recommended social distancing of 6' from other persons at all times.



Gracias!

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 @drrbcn



ENVIRONMENTAL AND
RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH SCIENCES
COLORADO STATE UNIVERSITY