

The Draft WHO Global Strategic Directions for Strengthening Nursing and Midwifery 2021-2025

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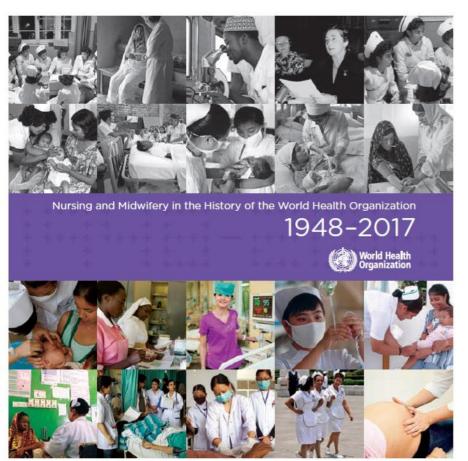
Carey McCarthy, WHO focal point for nursing and midwifery workforces



INTRODUCTION



70 years of Nursing and Midwifery at WHO



1949 WHA2.77: Expert Committee on Nursing

1950 WHA3.67: Increasing and improving the supply and use of nurses

1977 WHA30.48: The role of nursing/midwifery personnel in PHC teams

1983 WHA36.11: The role of nursing/midwifery personnel for Health for All

1989 WHA42.27: Strengthening nursing/midwifery for health for all

1992 WHA45.5: Strengthening nursing and midwifery for health for all

1996 WHA49.1: Strengthening nursing and midwifery

2001 WHA54.12: Strengthening nursing and midwifery

2006 WHA59.27: Strengthening nursing and midwifery

2011 WHA64.7: Strengthening nursing and midwifery

2019 WHA 72(19): The International Year of the Nurse and the Midwife

The International Year of the Nurse and the Midwife: From Advocacy, to Evidence, to Action



Launch of the first-ever State of the World's Nursing report WORLD'S

NURSING ...



Resumed 73rd WHA requested WHO "to engage with all WHO regions to update the Global Strategic Directions for Nursing and Midwifery and, following consultations with Member States, submit this to the Seventy-fourth World Health Assembly for its consideration.



OVERVIEW



SDNM Draft for Consultation 2021-2025: Purpose

- Successively developed since 2002
- Help countries ensure that midwives and nurses optimally contribute to achieving population health goals.
- SDNM 2021-2025: based on the evidence from SoWN,
 SoWMy + global public goods + normative work and tools
- Provides "best practices" for policy action to strengthen nursing and midwifery towards UHC and the SDGs
 - Health labour market perspective



SDNM Draft for Consultation 2021-2025: Overview

- Four "Strategic Directions" to our goals for 2025
 - Education, jobs, practice, and leadership
- Under each strategic direction, two to four "Policy Priorities" to advance along the strategic direction
- Each policy priority suggests enabling actions, tools that can be used, and stakeholders to engage
- A monitoring framework based on the data-dialgouedecision making process to take action on the priorities



SDNM Draft for Consultation 2021-2025: Overview

- The terms "midwife" and "nurse" to refer to the distinct occupational groups per ISCO 2008
- Primary targets: health workforce planners and policy makers
- Key stakeholders: education institutions, professional associations, labour unions, regulators, bilateral and multilateral development partners, international organizations, public and private sector employers, civil society, and others
- Reporting through NHWA indicators and the biennial GCNMO Forum and WHO-ICN-ICM Triad Meeting



POLICY FOCUS (4)



EDUCATION

Evidence

Levels

Quality

Competencies

Graduates

Data

Strategic Direction

National higher education systems graduate midwives and nurses with the requisite knowledge and skills to match and surpass health system demand and meet national health priorities..

- 1. Align the levels of education with optimized roles within the health and academic systems.
- Ensure education programmes are competency-based, apply effective learning design, meet quality standards, and align with population health needs.
- 3. Ensure domestic production is optimized to meet or surpass health system demand...



JOBS

Evidence

Shortage

Maldistribution

Migration

Recruitment

Retention

Data

Strategic Direction

Increase the availability of health workers by sustainably creating nursing and midwifery jobs, effectively recruiting and retaining midwives and nurses, and ethically managing international mobility and migration.

- I. Conduct nursing and midwifery workforces planning and forecasting through a health labour market lens
- 2. Ensure adequate demand with respect to health service delivery and population health priorities
- 3. Reinforce implementation of the WHO Global Code of Practice
- 4. Attract, recruit and retain midwives and nurses where they are most needed.



PRACTICE

Evidence

Effectiveness

SoP restrictions

Regulations

Strategic Direction

Health and care systems are modernized to ensure that midwives and nurses contribute to the full extent of their scopes of practice

- 1. Support the modernization of professional regulatory systems.
- 2. Adapt workplace policies to enable midwives and nurses to maximally contribute to service delivery in interdisciplinary health care teams.



LEADERSHIP

Evidence

Gender bias
Lack of input
To few GCNO or GCMO
Opportunities for
development

Strategic Direction

Increase the proportion of midwives and nurses in senior health and academic posts and continually develop the next generation of nursing and midwifery leaders.

- 1. Establish and strengthen senior leadership positions for nursing and midwifery workforce governance and management.
- 2. Invest in leadership skills development programmes for midwives and nurses



MONITORING AND ACCOUNTABILITY FRAMEWORK



Strategic Direction







Policy Priorities



Decision-Making



Policy Dialogue



Data reporting



Engagement with stakeholders



Education Policy Priority: Align the levels of education with optimized roles within the health and academic systems

Data	Dialogue	Decision-making
NHWA 2-02	Review the various programmes for	Streamline or upgrade the entry-level
NHWA 3-01	entry-level midwives and nurses:	education programmes available for
NHWA 9-04	requirements to enter a programme,	nursing and midwifery; seek to harmonize
	programme length, standards used, and	with neighboring jurisdictions.
	credential awarded.	

<u>Jobs</u> Policy Priority: **Conduct nursing and midwifery workforces planning and forecasting through a health labour market lens.**

Data	Dialogue	Decision-making
NHWA 9-01	Appoint a multi-sectoral advisory group	Conduct a health labour market analysis to
NHWA 9-03	to identify key stakeholders, policy	inform strategic and investment plans for
	issues, and data sources for a health	the nursing and midwifery workforces.
	labour market analysis.	



<u>Practice</u> Policy Priority: Support the modernization of professional regulatory systems.

Data	Dialogue	Decision-making
NHWA 3-08	Review periodicity and process to	Update and harmonize legislation and
NHWA 3-09	renew professional credential,	regulations to allow midwives and
NHWA 8-06	including requirements for	nurses to practice to the full extent of
	demonstration of continuing	their education and training.
	competence.	

<u>Leadership</u> Policy Priority: **Establish and strengthen senior leadership positions for nursing and midwifery workforce governance and management.**

Data	Dialogue	Decision-making
NHWA 1-04	Identify role and responsibilities in	Establish a GCNMO, GCNO or GCMO
NHWA 9-01	health workforce planning and	position and opportunities for capacity
NHWA 9-02	management, data reporting and	strengthening.
SoWN NN-4	use, labour market and fiscal space	
	analyses.	



M&A Framework--Reporting

- Direct: Biennial WHO GCNMO Forum / WHO-ICN-ICM "Triad Meeting"
 - GCNMO / country delegation or "Quad" reports
- Indirect: National health workforce accounts (NHWA)
 - Health workforce reporting mechanism agreed by WHO Member States (WHA69.19)
 - Platform used for SoWN and SoWMy 2021 reports
 - WHO support for annual reporting process through MOH NHWA focal point
 - GCNMO engagement with stakeholders and NHWA focal point



CONSULTATIONS



Regional and Global Consultations

- Translation into WHO official languages (underway)
- WHO Regional Office coordinated consultations
 - December 2020 and January 2021
- Anticipated global stakeholder consultations
 - January 2021
- WHO Member States
 - "Intersession" between 148th Executive Board and 74th WHA
 - February 2021
- PAHO consultation
 - 27 January 2021 10-11:30 EDT (TBC)



Questions to Consider

- Are the strategic directions accurate for the 5-year period?
- Will enacting the priority policies get us to the strategic directions?
- Are the "enabling actions" applicable and appropriate?
- Will the data-dialogue-decision making process capture the key steps towards enacting the policy priority?
- Will the reporting mechanism be effective for accountability?



QUESTIONS AND COMMENTS



Thank you

SoWN Theory of Change

DIALOGUE

DECISION MAKING

POLICY ACTION



DATA

BROAD ENGAGMENT

National ministries, private sector employers, education institutions, international financing institutions, development partners National health workforce accounts and complementary data validated by countries Intersectoral policy dialogue on key policy issues using a health labour market lens

Evidence-based policies for job creation, migration and mobility, education, regulation, practice, decent work, gender equity

Sustainable domestic, regional, and international investments in the nursing and midwifery workforces







